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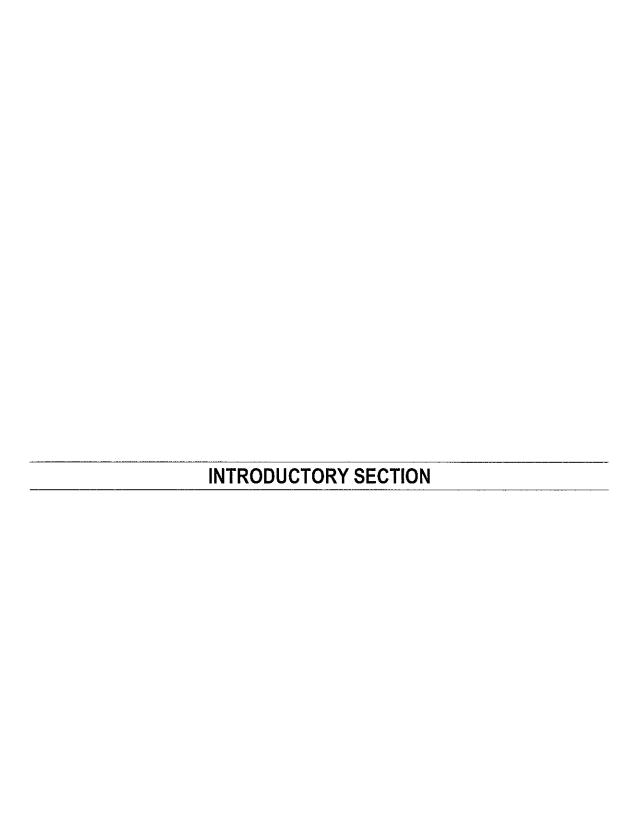
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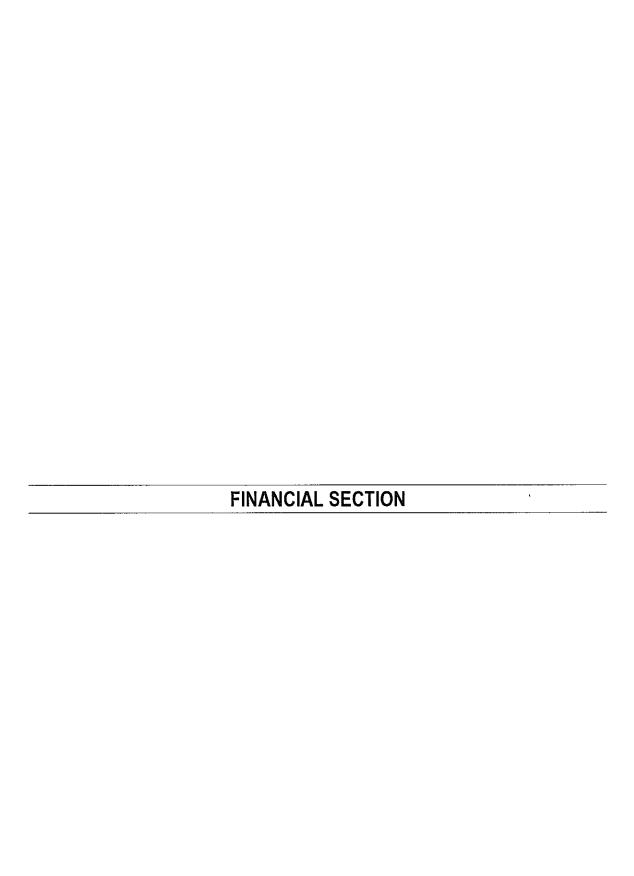
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### COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA

	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	
James H. Snead, Vice Chair Coy E. Harville Jessie L. Barksdale	Tim R. Barber, Chair	Jerry A. Hagerman Marshall A. Ecker Brenda H. Bowman
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD	
W. Neal Oakes, Vice Chair W. Wayne Robertson	Calvin D. Doss, Chair	Charles H. Miller, Jr. Don C. Moon
Morris C. Stowe	Janet Hancock, Clerk	R. Todd Sanders
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD	
Ronnie Haymore, Vice Chairperso Jessie L. Barksdale Diane D. McMahon James B. Williams	Arlene S. Creasy, Chairperson on	J. Carson Womack, III Stedman Payne, Sr. Earl C. Hodnett
	OTHER OFFICIALS	
Commonwealth's Attorney Commissioner of the Revenue Treasurer Sheriff Superintendent of Schools Director of Social Services		David N. Grimes
County Attorney		J. Vaden Hunt



### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Chatham, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit-School Board, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, Virginia or the Pittsylvania County Service Authority, which jointly represents 16.91%, 35.16% and 6.89%, of the total assets, net assets and program revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Pittsylvania County Service Authority in the aggregate discretely presented component units, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2012, except for the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County and Note 1, as to which the date is January 23, 2013, on our consideration of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements,

is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, other supplementary information, supporting schedules, and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, supporting schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia was unable to obtain financial statements for the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County until January 23, 2013. These financial statements have been restated to reflect the inclusion of the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, a discretely presented component unit.

Robinson, James, Lx Associates
Blacksburg, Virginia

December 4, 2012, except for the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County and Note 1, as to which the date is January 23, 2013.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of this Management Discussion and Analysis is to provide an overview of the County's financial activity, to assist the reader in understanding significant financial issues and to provide information concerning changes in the County's financial position. This narrative provides additional information that should be read in conjunction with reviewing the County's Financial Statements.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The governmental activities' assets of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$58,840,248 (net assets). Of this amount, \$31,555,327 is unrestricted, or may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to creditors and citizens. Information concerning net assets for the County, its business-type activities and its component units is located on Exhibit 1. The business-type activities include a newly established Landfill Enterprise Fund. The business-type activities' liabilities exceeded its assets by \$4,718,075. Of this amount, \$(3,941,286) is unrestricted. The component units include the School Board's net assets totaling \$14,644,003 of which \$(1,080,077) is unrestricted and Pittsylvania County Service Authority's net assets totaling \$35,315,129 of which \$1,897,507 is unrestricted (See Exhibit 1). The Industrial Development Authority's financial statements were unavailable as of release of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's audit report. This exhibit provides insight into the future by using a full accrual accounting method. This model considers all factors when showing the financial position of the County.

The governmental activities' net assets increased by \$1,516,207. In addition, the School Board's net assets increased by \$1,386,243 and the PCSA's net assets increased by \$3,520,154. Business-type activities' net assets increased by \$170,413 (See Exhibit 2).

#### Fund Financial Statements

Unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements which use a full accrual accounting approach, the Fund Financial Statements use a modified accrual method of accounting. This method differs from the full accrual method by showing a picture of the County's financial position at the present time. A reconciliation of the two methods is provided in Exhibit 4. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$30,270,256 or 50 percent of total general fund expenditures. (See Exhibit 3.) This amount includes taxes, accounts and notes receivable reflected in the fiscal year 2012 budget as well as funds allocated to the School Board (fund balance reappropriated) and County Capital Improvement Projects for fiscal year 2013.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$49,561,397, an increase of \$6,206,239 from last year. Approximately 70 percent of this total amount, or \$34,458,332 (which includes committed, assigned and unassigned funds), is available for spending at the government's discretion. This unrestricted balance has three

parts, (1) committed funds which represents \$3,014,977, (2) assigned funds which represents \$1,173,099 and (3) unassigned funds which represents \$30,270,256. (See Exhibit 3.)

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and compliance.

- The *introductory section* provides a listing of principal officers for 2011-2012.
- The *financial section* has three component parts managements' discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements which include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, and required supplemental information.
- The *statistical section* includes selected financial and demographic data related to the County, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- The *compliance section* is required under the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget circular A-133, <u>Audits of State</u>, <u>Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations</u>.

Local government accounting and financial reporting originally focused on funds which were designed to enhance and demonstrate fiscal accountability. Now to be accompanied by government-wide financial statements, the objective of operational accountability will also be met. These objectives will provide financial statement users with both justification from the government that public monies have been used to comply with public decisions and as to whether operating objectives have been met efficiently and effectively and can continued to be met in the future.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide financial statement users with a general overview of County finances. The statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Both the financial overview and accrual accounting factors are used in the reporting of a private-sector business. Two financial statements are used to present this information: 1) the statement of net assets and 2) the statement of activities.

4The statement of net assets presents all of the County's permanent accounts, or assets, liabilities and net assets. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered to determine the overall financial position of the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. The statement is focused on the gross and net cost of various government functions which are supported by general tax and other revenue. The statement of activities presents expenses before revenues, emphasizing that in government revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services rather than as an end in themselves.

Both government-wide financial statements separate governmental activities and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. They include general government administration; judicial administration; public safety; public works; health and welfare; parks, recreation and cultural; and community development. Business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The County currently has one business-type activity which is the Landfill Enterprise Fund.

The government-wide financial statements include, in addition to the primary government or County, three component units: 1) the Pittsylvania County School Board, 2) Industrial Development Authority and 3) Pittsylvania County Service Authority. Although these component units are legally separate entities, the County is accountable or financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a majority of the organization's governing body. A primary government is financially accountable if, in addition, either the government is able to impose its will on the organization or the organization is capable of imposing specific financial burdens on the primary government. For example, the primary government may approve debt issuances, rate structures and/or provide significant funding for operations of the component unit.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements will be more familiar to past financial statement users. The only difference from prior year presentation of the fund statements is that only major, or significant, funds will be presented. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions, or services, reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations between the two methods are presented in exhibits 4 and 6 of the financial section of this report.

#### Proprietary funds

There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and internal service funds which account for the delivery of goods and services to other departments or agencies of the government. Proprietary funds use accrual basis accounting, similar to private sector business.

The County of Pittsylvania has one enterprise fund, which is the Landfill Enterprise Fund and two internal service funds: the Central Stores Fund and the Self-Insurance Fund. The Central Stores Fund accounts for the government's consolidated purchasing of office supplies and telephone charges. The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for insurance premiums paid by the County and School Board for all departments. Both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

#### Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization or individual. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the funds are not available to support the County's own activities.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is needed to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As previously noted, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Again, the full accrual accounting method is used to derive these figures. For the County of Pittsylvania, governmental activities' assets exceeded liabilities by \$58,840,248 at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's net assets are divided into three categories: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted; and (3) unrestricted.

#### **County of Pittsylvania's Net Assets**

		2012		2011
		Governmental		Governmental
		Activities		Activities
Current and other assets	\$	77,678,389	\$	68,415,681
Capital assets	Ψ	124,847,577	Ψ	126,808,089
Total assets	\$	202,525,966	\$ _	195,223,770
Long-term liabilities	\$	122,209,600	\$	122,430,878
Other liabilities	Ψ.	21,476,118	Ψ_	20,308,757
Total liabilities	\$	143,685,718	\$ _	142,739,635
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	\$	21,483,509	\$	21,394,339

Restricted	5,801,412	2,867,351
Unrestricted	31,555,327	28,222,445
Total net assets	\$ 58,840,248	\$ 52,484,135

For the County, investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), net of related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, represents 37 percent of total net assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These assets include funds restricted for grants, law library, courthouse maintenance and courthouse security. Also included in these restricted assets are assets seized by the Sheriff's Department and can only be used for law enforcement. The County's restricted net assets account for 9 percent of total net assets.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, which is \$31,555,327 or 54 percent of total net assets, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets.

The government's net assets increased by \$1,516,207 during the current fiscal year. The majority of this increase can be attributed to the recent construction on the new cell at the landfill as well as the upgrade of E911 radios and towers.

#### Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$1,516,207. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

	2012 <u>Business-type</u> G <u>Activities</u>		2012 Governmental Activities		2011 Governmental Activities
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 258,898	\$	665,125	\$	861,632
Operating grants &					
contributions			15,633,076		16,037,575
General revenues:					
General property taxes			31,373,406		28,781,337

Other local taxes			6,805,947	6,696,327
Use of money and property	4,876		647,071	646,849
Other	388		409,229	673,095
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs			6,698,703	6,760,306
Community Development				
Grants			2,405,211	3,564,213
Total revenues	\$ 264,162	\$	64,637,768	\$ 64,021,334
Expenses:		•		
General government	\$	\$	2,352,270	\$ 2,317,903
Judicial administration			1,604,516	1,521,622
Public safety			14,004,881	13,492,424
Public works			1,312,173	5,199,400
Landfill	3,192,265		-	-
Health and welfare			11,725,859	15,013,208
Education			17,483,731	16,068,919
Parks, recreation and cultural			1,389,794	1,212,790
Community development			5,297,007	6,009,715
Interest on long-term debt			4,852,814	5,052,047
Total expense	\$ 3,192,265	\$	60,023,045	\$ 65,888,028
Transfer In/(Out)	3,098,516		(3,098,516)	
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets	170,413	\$	1,516,207	\$ (1,866,694)
Net assets, Beginning*	(4,888,488)		57,324,041	54,350,829
Net assets, Ending	\$ (4,718,075)	\$	58,840,248	\$ 52,484,135

<sup>\*</sup>beginning assets balance for FY2012 was restated-see note 22

-Revenues: Under the full accrual method, general property taxes increased by 9% from last year. Under the modified accrual basis, real property taxes experienced an increase of 3% and personal property taxes experienced a slight increase of 1%. These increases were due in large part to a 4¢ per \$100 tax increase on real estate and 25¢ per \$100 on personal property approved by the Board of Supervisors on May 7, 2012. The first installment including these new increases is reflected in the figures above.

-Revenues: Other local taxes experienced an overall increase of 2% from FY2011, which was due primarily to increases in local sales and use tax as well as an increase in meals tax receipts. Local sales tax was up by 5% while meals tax was up by 2%. Motor Vehicle licenses also increased during this year by 3% because the Treasurer's Office continued to use DMV Registration Stops which forced citizens to pay license fees in order to keep their vehicle registration current.

-Expenses: Overall primary government expenditures increased less than 1% over FY2011. Expenditures were up this year primarily because of construction of a new cell at the Landfill as a major upgrade of E911 equipment required by law.

-Expenses: Education increased by 5% from FY2011. All categories of education increased during 2012.

-Expenses: Community Development decreased by 42%. Community Development expenditures decreased primarily because of the completion of various economic development projects. Projects that continued during the FY2012 year included construction of a water and sewer line at the Berry Hill Mega Park as well as water and sewer improvements at the Hurt Klopman Mills plant.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

#### Governmental funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$49,561,397. Approximately 61 percent of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is legally restricted for a specific purpose.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of June 30, 2012, total fund balance of the general fund was \$42,387,958 of which \$30,270,256 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 50 percent of total general fund expenditures, which includes transfers to and expenses on behalf of the School Board component unit of \$15,536,358.

Following is a reconciliation of the Treasurer's books to the Audited Financial Statements.

#### County of Pittsylvania's Reconciliation of Treasurer's General Fund Balance To Audited General Fund Balance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

General Fund Balance per Treasurer	\$ 2012 15,037,599	\$	2011 28,873,828
Funds merged for financial reporting purposes:			
Adjustment for Central Stores negative cash	(71,660)		(55,534)
Adjustment for WIA negative cash			-
Animal Friendly Plates Revenue Fund	14		988
Debt Reserve Fund-Human Services Fund	114,905		114,512
County Jail CIP Fund	49,031		24,373
Bond Fund	2,400		2,400
Grants Fund	553,433		592,117
Capital Improvement Fund	497,252		571,537
Rural Roads Fund	195,315		195,315
Landfill Bond Fund	-		(38,700)
Courthouse Security Fund	510,563		462,452
Jail Processing Fee Fund	47,940		42,761
Library Gifts Fund	40,607		61,364
Courthouse Maintenance Fund	38,305		21,660
Law Library Fund	17,719		21,091
E-911 Bond Fund	9,908,350		-
Rescue Billing	72,926		-
Subtotal - Merged Funds	\$ 11,977,100	\$_	2,016,336
Adjustments to covert cash basis records to the modified accrual			
Reversion of School Salaries Payable Fund Funds held in the Sheriff's Office	\$ 4,128,164	\$	4,100,813
Total Cash Adjustments	\$ 4,128,164	\$_ _	4,100,813
Total Cash/Investments – Exhibit 3	\$ 31,142,863	\$_	34,990,977
Accrual Entries: Taxes and fees receivable	11,056,574		(2,069,905)

Accounts Receivable	450,867		587,838
Amounts due from other funds	79,781		55,534
Amounts due from other Governments	2,149,780		2,041,289
Accounts Payable	(468,050)		(444,377)
Salaries Payable	(38,883)		(26,987)
Retainage Payable	(13,234)		(13,259)
Due to other funds	(43986)		-
Amount due the Component Unit School Board	(1,927,754)	_	(1,703,516)
Total Accrual Entries	\$ 11,245,095	\$_	(1,573,383)
Total Fund Balance General Fund – Exhibit 3	\$ 42,387,958	\$_	33,417,594

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$9,018,946 during the current fiscal year. The majority of the increase in the General Fund Balance can be attributed to the inclusion of funds for the new E911 equipment upgrade as well as funds for construction of the new landfill cell.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budgeted appropriations and the final amended budgeted appropriations were net decrease of \$9,505,273. This decrease occurred because of various budget reductions that occurred after the 2012 budget process was complete. There were also increases that were made to the 2012 budget because of unforeseen events that occurred during the year. Significant budgetary reduction/supplements are included below:

- A major budget reduction concerned the construction of a new jail at \$22,000,000. It was determined early in the 2012 budget year that this project was unlikely to happen and the Board felt that this amount needed to be removed from the budget.
- A total of \$2,040,663.81 of the final amended budgeted expenditures and revenues was actually budgeted twice. This was done in order to show an appropriation for the transfer as well for the expense.
- During the budget process, an estimate is made for carryover funds not expended in the prior year. These estimates are adjusted at July 1 to accurately show the true amount that remained in these funds at 6/30 of that year. On July 1, 2011, budgeted carryovers were increased by \$536,163.91. In addition to these carryovers, the High School Renovation Carryover totaled \$578,084.43.
- Grant Funds increased the budget significantly during FY 2012. New grants received during the year totaled \$2,912,358.18.
- Unexpected expenditures appropriated from undesignated fund balance totaled \$484,763.50.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2012 is \$124,847,577 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land buildings and system, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Landfill Cell II Construction \$520,397
- E-911 Radio and Tower Upgrades \$3,664,991
- Captain Martin Building Renovations \$183,705
- Mobile Remote Monitoring Surveillance Trailer (Sheriff) \$47,585
- Library Roof Replacement \$50,988

### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Capital Assets for Governmental Activities (net of depreciation)

	2012 Governmental activities	2011 Governmental activities
Land Buildings and system	\$ 4,904,148 114,339,322	\$ 4,989,148 56,322,327
Machinery and equipment Construction in progress Total	\$ 1,840,142 3,763,965 124,847,577	\$ 2,110,318 63,386,296 126,808,089

School Board Assets financed with debt are considered assets of the General government until debt on these assets has been defeased. As such, the above listed assets include School Board Assets net of related depreciation of \$107,632,713. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

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#### Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year the County had the following outstanding debt:

#### County of Pittsylvania's Outstanding Debt

	2012 Business-type activities	2012 Governmental activities	2011 Governmental activities
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,970,063	79,174,206	\$ 87,109,614
Loan Anticipation Note	, ,	20,090,000	20,090,000
Lease Revenue Notes		2,730,140	3,132,553
Bond Premium		1,407,062	1,739,853
Deferred Amount on Refunding	(41,708)	(803,678)	(951,440)
Bond Discounts		(144,304)	(152,321)
Landfill closure/post-closure	5,130,261	-	5,130,261
OPEB Liability		661,000	464,000
Capital leases		15,852,245	2,354,277
Compensated absences	15,869	992,929	1,014,081
Contingency for CSA		2,250,000	2,500,000
Total	\$ 9,074,485	122,209,600	\$ 122,430,878

Legislations enacted in fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 requires that debt historically reported by the School Board has been assumed by the Primary Government. The legislation affects the reporting of local school capital assets as well.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- At June 30, 2012, the unemployment rate for the County was 7.2 percent, which is a decrease from the rate of 9.3 percent a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 6.0 percent and favorably to the national average rate of 8.4 percent.
- Pittsylvania County continues to work jointly with the City of Danville through a joint authority known as the Danville-Pittsylvania County Regional Facilities Authority. This authority works to attract industry and business to Southside Virginia.
- Pittsylvania County has a median household income of \$40,333 (based on the latest attainable 2011 data) compared to the State median household income of \$63,302.
- Pittsylvania County's current population stands at 63,506 based on US Census Bureau information from 2010.

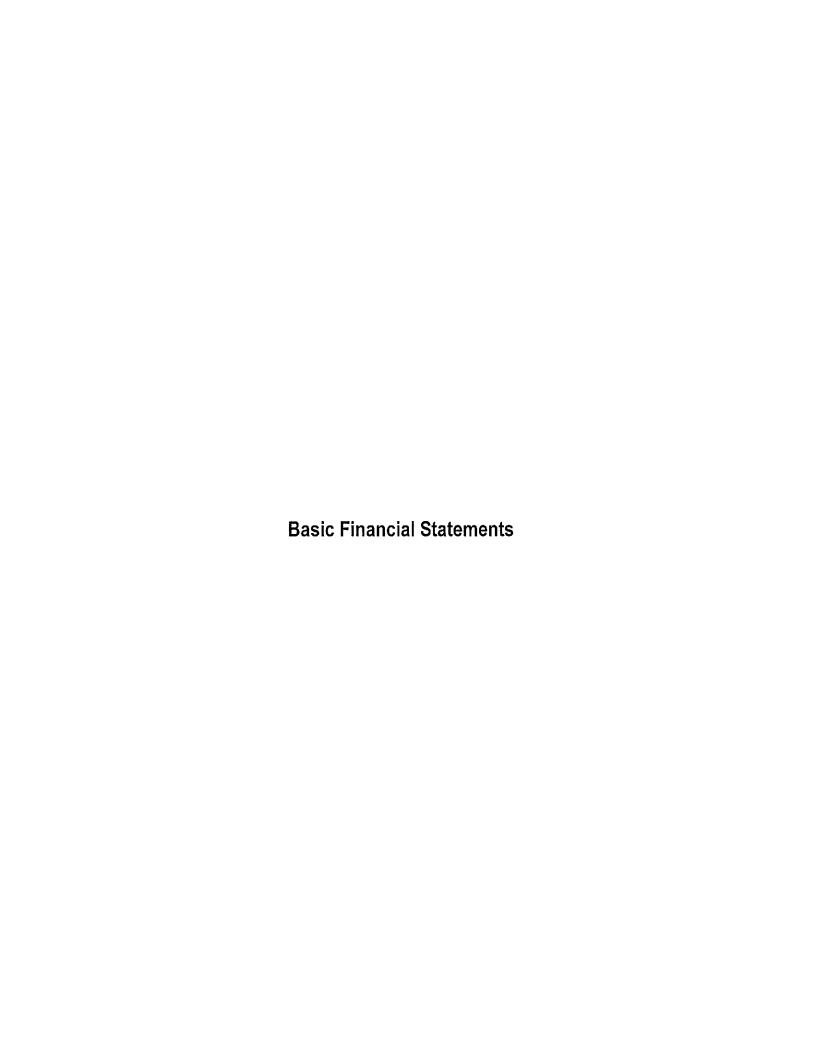
All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

Appropriations for County funds lapse at fiscal year end, with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund, therefore, it is not anticipated that fund balance will be used to finance daily operations for the 2012 budget year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the County of Pittsylvania's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Office, P.O. Box 426, Chatham, Virginia 24531. The County's website at <a href="www.pittgov.org">www.pittgov.org</a> may also be visited to obtain valuable information about the County.

Information relative to the Pittsylvania County Public Service Authority and the Pittsylvania County Industrial Development Authority financial statements may be obtained from those organizations directly.



#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

		Prir	nary Government	Component Units				
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>	School Board	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>	Pittsylvania County Service <u>Authority</u>	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,742,401	\$ 395,209 \$	29,137,610	\$ 382,346	\$ 94,232	\$ 653,536	
Investments		13,042,260	÷	13,042,260	-	•	1,246,275	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		30,572,803		30,572,803		-	-	
Accounts receivable		1,560,834	37,569	1,598,403	25,440		353,590	
Notes receivable			-	-	-	625,057		
Interest receivable			-		-	18,538		
Due from primary government		-	-		1,927,754	-	-	
Due from other governmental units		2,894,935	-	2,894,935	3,080,007	_	-	
Inventories		20,518		20,518	-	-	43,890	
Assets held for resale - Industrial sites		-				987,700		
Internal balances		8,121	(8,121)					
Prepaid expenses			ţ-1:·,	_	666,859	-	34,984	
Restricted assets:					,		* 11**	
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		_	w	_	2,614	_	_	
investments			2,145,830	2,145,830	2,011	_	450.000	
Other assets:			2,140,000	2,140,000			400,000	
Unamortized bond issue costs		836,517	173,385	1,009,902				
Noncurrent assets:		000,017	170,000	1,005,502	•	-	•	
Notes receivable						7,755,108		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		=	•	•	•	7,700,100	-	
Land		4,904,148	95,000	4,999,148	2,662,750			
		114,339,322	90,000	114,339,322		-	•	
Buildings and improvements			202.000		9,746,302	•	•	
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		1,840,142	202,086	2,042,228	2,846,611	•	-	
		-	3,605,767	3,605,767	•		-	
Utility plant in service		2 702 000	4 807 000	1.000.004	- 00 007	•	31,945,418	
Construction in progress		3,763,965	1,205,236	4,969,201	80,827		2,975,410	
Total assets	_	202,525,966	7,851,961	210,377,927	21,421,510	9,480,635	37,703,103	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		1,199,819	605,861	1,805,680	899,793		120,605	
Salaries payable		38,883	5,507	44,390	4,130,778		6,262	
Customer deposits			_		-		140,053	
Retainage payable		33.570	55,757	89,327	_	_		
Estimate of incurred but unreported health claims		898.624		898,624			-	
Accrued interest payable		1,969,374	66,637	2,036,011		18.538	12,376	
Due to component unit		1,927,754	-	1,927,754		-	12,0,0	
Unearned revenue		15,408,094	_	15,408,094			66,540	
Long-term liabilities:		70,100,007		10,100,007			00,040	
Due within one year		6,139,075	1,353,761	7,492,836	1,145,952	556,741	424,200	
Due in more than one year		116,070,525	10,482,513	126,553,038	600,984	6,923,424	1,617.938	
Total liabilities		143,685,718	12,570,036	156,255,754	6,777,507	7,498,703	2,387,974	
NET ASSETS								
		04 402 500	(776 766)	00 700 700	45 000 400		22 447 222	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		21,483,509	(776,789)	20,706,720	15,336,490	-	33,417,622	
Restricted for:		- 10 1						
Grant funds		549,554	•	549,554	-	-	-	
Asset forfeiture funds		990,958	•	990,958	-	-	-	
Law library funds		17,719	-	17,719	-	-	-	
Courthouse maintenance funds		38,304	-	38,304	-	-	-	
Courthouse security funds		510,483	•	510,483	-	-	-	
Health Insurance		3,694,394	*	3,694,394	-	•	-	
School Cafeteria		-			387,590	-		
Unrestricted (deficit)		31,555,327	(3,941,286)	27,614,041	(1,080,077)	1,981,932	1,897,507	
Total net assets	\$	58,840,248	\$ (4,718,075) \$	54,122,173	\$ 14,644,003	\$ 1,981,932	\$ 35,315,129	

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#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenues		Net (Exponse) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
	_						Primary Government				Component Units	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		rnmental <u>iivities</u>	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Sc	thoel Board	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>	Pittsylvania County Service <u>Authority</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:												
General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Heath and welfare Community development Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 2,352,270 \$ 1,604,516 14,004,881 1,312,173 11,725,859 5,297,007 4,852,814 60,023,045	172.018 S 16,481 437,890 12,018 2,108	351,055 \$ 1,036,598 5,109,034 15,001 8,927,820 50,000 - 15,489,508	2.405.211 - 2.405.211	s	(1,829,197) (551,437) (8,457,957) (1,285,154) (2,798,039) (2,839,688) (4,852,814) (41,487,811)	S	(1,829,197) (551,437) (8,457,957) (1,285,154) (2,798,039) (2,839,688) (4,852,814) (41,487,811)				
Business-type activities: Landfill Total primary government	\$ 3,192,265 S \$ 63,215,310 S		- \$ 15,489,508 \$		\$	\$ (41,487,811) \$		(2,933,367) (44,421,178)		- 100 mg/g - 247		
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board Industrial Development Authority Pittsylvania County Service Authority Total component units	\$ 82,374,494 \$ 951,728 2,806,181 \$ 85,132,403 \$	2.328,839	64,335,257 \$ 	3,979,882				National State of the State of	\$	(15,975,568) \$ - - (15,975,568) \$	- S (951,728) - (951,728) S	3,502,540 3,502,540
	General revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes: Local sales and use lax Consumers' utility taxes Motor vehicle taxes Other local taxes Unrestricted revenues fro Miscellaneous Payments from the Couni Grants and contributions Gain on disposal of capite Transfers Total general revenues an Change in nel assets Net assets - beginning, as	m use of money and prop y of Pittsylvania not restricted to specific p Il assets ad transfers	,		s	31,373,406 \$ 1,982,491 1,283,427 2,339,861 1,200,168 647,071 409,229 6,842,271 (3,098,516) 42,979,408 1,491,597 57,324,041	4,876 388 - 3,098,516 3,103,780 170,413 (4,888,488)	31,373,406 1,982,491 1,283,427 2,393,861 1,200,168 651,947 409,617 6,842,271 46,083,188 1,662,010 52,435,553	5	40,831 860,920 16,460,060 	331,453 	16,114 - 1,500 - 17,614 3,520,154 31,794,975
	Net assets - ending	,			S	58,815,638 \$		54,097,563	\$	14,644,003 \$	1,981,932 \$	35,315,129

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

		<u>General</u>	Industrial Development		Workforce Investment Act	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,061,148	\$ 2,879,065	5 5	114,456	\$ 1,150,873	\$ 25,205,542
Investments		10,081,715		-	-	2,960,545	13,042,260
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		30,572,803		-	-	-	30,572,803
Accounts receivable		450,867		-	-	13,058	463,925
Due from other funds		79,781		-	-	43,986	123,767
Due from other governmental units		2,149,780	388,035		357,120	 _	2,894,935
Total assets		64,396,094	3,267,100	)	471,576	 4,168,462	 72,303,232
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		468,050	119,315	5	594,048	-	1,181,413
Salaries payable		38,883		-	-	-	38,883
Retainage payable		13,234	10,336	3	-	10,000	33,570
Due to other funds		43,986		-	-	-	43,986
Due to component unit		1,927,754		-	-	-	1,927,754
Deferred revenue		19,516,229			_	 	 19,516,229
Total liabilities		22,008,136	129,651	<u> </u>	594,048	10,000	 22,741,835
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Construction Fund		10,045,502		-	-	2,950,545	12,996,047
Grants Fund		549,554		-	•		549,554
Asset Forfeiture Fund		-		-	-	990,958	990,958
Law Library Fund		17,719		-	-	-	17,719
Courthouse Maintenance Fund		38,304		-	-	-	38,304
Courthouse Security Fund		510,483		-	-	-	510,483
Committed:							
Special revenue funds		•	3,137,449	)	-	-	3,137,449
Assigned:							
Veterinary Expense Fund		13		-	-	-	13
Library Gifts Fund		40,267		-	-	-	40,267
Capital Outlay Fund		506,270		-	-	-	506,270
Jail Inmate Management Fund		49,030		-	-	-	49,030
Jail Processing Fund		47,940		-	-	-	47,940
Rural Road Addition Fund		195,315		-	-		195,315
Debt Service Reserve Fund				-	-	216,959	216,959
Social Services Bond Fund		114,905		-	-	-	114,905
Schools Bond Fund		2,400		-		-	2,400
Unassigned		30,270,256			(122,472)	 -	30,147,784
Total fund balances	_	42,387,958	3,137,449		(122,472)	 4,158,462	 49,561,397
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	64,396,094	\$ 3,267,100	) ;	\$ 471,576	\$ 4,168,462	\$ 72,303,232

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$	49,561,397
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		124,847,577
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	,	4,108,135
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		3,665,596
Certain items reported as expenditures in the fund statements are deferred and shown as assets on the statement of net assets.		836,517
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(124,178,974)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	58,840,248

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

DEVENUES		General		Industrial Development		Workforce Investment <u>Act</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES General property taxes	\$	29.536.089	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	29,536,089
Other local taxes	Φ	6,805,947	Ф	-	Ф	-	<b>J</b> -	Ф	6,805,947
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		162,287		-		-	-		162,287
Fines and forfeitures		173,265		-		-	-		173,265
Revenue from the use of money and property		622,287		-		-	24.704		647,071
				-		-	24,784		
Charges for services		329,573		-		- 070 000	-		329,573
Miscellaneous		129,429		20.700		279,800	- 0.007		409,229
Recovered costs		1,425,793		39,790		-	9,937		1,475,520
Intergovernmental revenues:		45 755 000		0.000.004			700 110		10 705 750
Commonwealth		15,755,962		2,263,381		-	766,416		18,785,759
Federal		2,618,292				3,082,939	-		5,701,231
Total revenues		57,558,924		2,303,171		3,362,739	801,137		64,025,971
EXPENDITURES Output		-							
Current:		0.700.400							0.700.100
General government administration		2,768,169		=		-	=		2,768,169
Judicial administration		1,566,584		-		+			1,566,584
Public safety		14,064,597		-		-	158,263		14,222,860
Public works		1,215,984		-		-	-		1,215,984
Health and welfare		8,357,254		-		3,505,685	-		11,862,939
Education		15,544,890		-		-	-		15,544,890
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,384,918		-		-	-		1,384,918
Community development		1,972,730		2,567,365		-	1,000,000		5,540,095
Capital projects		3,705,766		-		-	1,091,009		4,796,775
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		5,000,446		-		-	-		5,000,446
Bond issuance costs		118,425		-		-	_		118,425
Interest and other fiscal charges		4,829,787		-		-	-		4,829,787
Total expenditures		60,529,550		2,567,365		3,505,685	2,249,272		68,851,872
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(2,970,626)		(264,194)		(142,946)	(1,448,135)		(4,825,901)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		2,598,806		939,748		-	-		3,538,554
Transfers out		(4,076,964)		(15,790)		-	(2,544,316)		(6,637,070)
Issuance of capital leases		13,467,730		(10,100)		_	662,926		14,130,656
Total other financing sources (uses)		11,989,572		923,958		-	(1,881,390)		11,032,140
Not shapes in fund belonges		0.040.046		650 764		(4.40, 0.40)	(2 220 505)		6 006 000
Net change in fund balances		9,018,946		659,764		(142,946)	(3,329,525)		6,206,239
Fund balances - beginning	•	33,369,012	<i>(</i> *)	2,477,685	۵	20,474	7,487,987	Φ	43,355,158
Fund balances - ending	\$	42,387,958	\$	3,137,449	\$	(122,472)	\$ 4,158,462	\$	49,561,397

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 6,206,239
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays and the transfer	
of debt financed assets to the School Board exceeded depreciation in the current period.	2,220,086
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	1,837,317
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect	
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(8,761,785)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(214,744)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	229,094
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,516,207
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2012

June 30, 2012	Enterprise	
	Fund	Internal
	Landfill	Service
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 395,209	\$ 3,536,859
Accounts receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles	37,569	1,096,909
Inventories	, •	20,518
Total current assets	432,778	4,654,286
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Investments	2,145,830	-
Other assets:		, ,
Unamortized bond issue costs	173,385	-
Capital assets: (net of related depreciation)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Land	95,000	-
Machinery and equipment	202,086	_
Infrastructure	3,605,767	-
Construction in progress	1,205,236	_
Total capital assets	5,108,089	
Total noncurrent assets	7,427,304	-
Total assets	7,860,082	4,654,286
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	605,861	18,406
Estimate of incurred but unreported health claims	-	898,624
Accrued salaries	5,507	<i>,</i>
Due to other funds	8,121	71,660
Retainage payable	55,757	
Interest payable	66,637	-
Compensated absences - current portion	13,960	
Bonds payable - current portion	1,339,801	-
Total current liabilities	2,095,644	988,690
Noncurrent liabilities:	:	
Landfill closure/postclosure liability	5,932,782	-
Bonds payable - net of current portion	4,545,077	-
Compensated absences - net of current portion	4,654	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,482,513	
Total liabilities	12,578,157	988,690
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(776,789)	
Restricted for health insurance claims	-	3,694,394
Unrestricted	(3,941,286)	(28,798
Total net assets	\$ (4,718,075)	\$ 3,665,596

## County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	E	nterprise Fund	Internal	
		Landfill <u>Fund</u>		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Materials and supplies	\$	- \$	718,714	
Insurance premiums		-	10,875,470	
Recycling		17,971	•	
Solid waste collections		240,927		
Miscellaneous		388	-	
Total operating revenues		259,286	11,594,184	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Supplies, insurance and telephone		-	746,481	
Insurance claims and expenses		-	10,618,609	
Salaries		597,217		
Fringes		254,592		
Contractual services		287,644		
Utilities		31,705		
Insurance		13,943		
Fuel		307,798		
Supplies		135,446		
Landfill monitoring		133,172		
Improvements and closure costs		818,971		
Miscellaneous		80,193		
Depreciation		294,460		
Total operating expenses		2,955,141	11,365,090	
Change in net assets	<del></del>	(2,695,855)	229,094	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment earnings		4,876	•	
Interest expense		(237,124)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	***************************************	(232,248)		
Income before contributions and transfers		(2,928,103)	229,094	
Transfers in		3,137,216		
Transfers out		(38,700)		
Change in net assets	w	170,413	229,094	
Total net assets - beginning, as restated		(4,888,488)	3,436,502	
Total net assets - ending	\$	(4,718,075) \$	3,665,596	

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012		Enterprise Fund Landfill	Internal Service
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$	221,717 \$	_
Receipts for materials and supplies	,	-	745,550
Receipts for insurance premiums		-	9,819,311
Payments to suppliers		(984,252)	(745,550)
Payments to employees		(846,302)	-
Payments for insurance premiums		-	(10,560,749)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(1,608,837)	(741,438)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers to other funds		(30,579)	-
Transfers from other funds		3,137,216	-
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		3,106,637	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to utility plant		(579,687)	-
Principal payments on bonds		(957,386)	-
Bond issuance costs		(152,188)	-
Bond issuance premiums		351,958	-
Proceeds from indebtedness		2,555,000	-
Interest payments		(179,334)	-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
financing activities		1,038,363	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest and dividends received		4,876	-
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		4,876	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,541,039	(741,438)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-	4,278,297
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$2,145,830 in restricted)	\$	2,541,039 \$	3,536,859
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	_\$_	(2,695,855) \$	229,094
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		294,460	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(37,569)	(1,029,323)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-	(3,182)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries		5,507	-
Increase (decrease) in closure/postclosure liability		802,521	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		19,354	45,847
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		2,745	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	_	<u> </u>	16,126
Total adjustments		1,087,018	(970,532)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,608,837) \$	(741,438)

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 309,499
Cash in custody of others	 33,944
Total assets	\$ 343,443
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for Social Services clients	\$ 12,972
Amounts held for developer	296,527
Amounts held for inmates	33,944
Total liabilities	\$ 343,443

#### COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units.

The Pittsylvania County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and does not issue a separate financial statement.

The Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County (IDA) encourages and provides financing for industrial development in Pittsylvania County. The County has executed a support agreement with the IDA to provide funding sufficient to meet principal and interest payments on the Authority's \$2,000,000 revenue bond dated August 1, 2005. As such, the IDA is fiscally dependent upon the County. The IDA's fiscal year end is December 31st and financial data presented herewith for the Authority is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. The IDA issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from the County of Pittsylvania, 21 North Main Street, Chatham, Virginia 24531. The financial statements were obtained on January 23, 2013 and were subsequently included in the financial statements thus removing the prior qualification of the opinion.

The Pittsylvania County Service Authority (Service Authority) provides water and sewer service to residents of Pittsylvania County. The County has executed two support agreements with the Service Authority to provide funding sufficient to meet principal and interest payments on the Service Authority's Series 2006 and 2007 Revenue Notes in the amount of \$622,117 and \$660,000, respectively. As such, the Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. The Service Authority's fiscal year end is December 31st and financial data presented herewith for the Service Authority is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. The Service Authority issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from the County of Pittsylvania, 21 North Main Street, Chatham, Virginia 24531.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County, in conjunction with the City of Danville, participates in supporting the Danville-Pittsylvania Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$147,882 to the Community Services Board.

The County in conjunction with the City of Danville participates in supporting the Regional Industrial Facilities Authority. The County contributed \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2012.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and will report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the activities of the Social Services, Debt Reserve, Bond, Zoning, Grants, CIP, Jail Operations, Rural Roads, Building Code Academy, Courthouse Security, Jail Inmate Management, Landfill Bond, Library Gifts, Courthouse Maintenance, Law Library, Animal Friendly Plates, and Jail Processing Funds. The aforementioned Funds have been merged with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The Industrial Development and Workforce Investment Act Funds serve as the County's major *Special Revenue Funds*. The Industrial Development Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for industrial and community development benefiting the County. The Industrial Development Fund includes the activities of the cyclical and non-cyclical industrial development funds. The Workforce Investment Act Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for administering programs to improve the workforce of Pittsylvania County and surrounding jurisdictions.

The nonmajor governmental funds of the County are:

The School Capital Improvements Fund is the County's only nonmajor Capital Projects Fund. It accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the school board.

The Debt Service Reserve Fund is the County's only nonmajor *Debt Service Reserve Fund*. It accounts for financial resources to be used for the payment of debt of the County as well as jointly governed organizations.

The Forfeited Assets Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for financial resources to be used in connection with the Sheriff and Commonwealth Attorney's asset forfeiture funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Landfill Fund accounts for activities of the landfill, including charges for services, expenses, assets, and related debts.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Funds consist of the Central Stores and Self-health Insurance Funds.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare, Cash Bond, and Sheriff's Inmate Trust and Canteen Account Funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

# Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Funds are charges to departments for sales and health insurance. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

## Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

## 3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in installments on June 29th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible in installments on July 16th and December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### 4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$905,512 at June 30, 2012 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

#### 5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the Component Unit – School Board, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

## Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

## 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# 9. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

## Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

## 9. Fund Equity (continued)

- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the County's highest level of decision-making authority and a resolution is required prior to the last day of the fiscal year in order to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance in accordance with the County's fund balance policy.

The County will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 10% of expenditures/revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be cause for concern, barring unusual, or deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

#### Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

## Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net assets-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The details of these \$(124,178,974) and \$(1,746,936) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	Primary			Component Unit
,	Government		_	School Board
General obligation bonds	\$	(79,174,206)	\$	_
Lease revenue notes	Ψ	(2,730,140)	Ψ	-
Loan anticipation note		(20,090,000)		-
Lease purchase agreements		(15,852,245)		-
Unamortized premium		(1,407,062)		-
Unamortized discount		144,304		-
Unamortized loss on refunding		803,678		-
Accrued interest payable		(1,969,374)		-
Other post employment benefits		(661,000)		(219,000)
Compensated absences		(992,929)		(1,527,936)
Comprehensive Services Act-Due to Commonwealth	_	(2,250,000)		_
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental funds				
to arrive at net assets-governmental activities	\$_	(124,178,974)	\$_	(1,746,936)

## Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these \$2,220,086 and \$978,229 for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board	
Capital outlays Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation expense	\$	5,149,993 (405,211) (2,524,696)	\$	1,822,270 405,211 (1,249,252)	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	2,220,086	\$	978,229	

## Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$(8,761,785) difference in the primary government are as follows:

		Primary
	-	Government
P. I. I		
Debt Issued or Incurred:		
Bond issuance costs	\$	118,425
Issuance of lease purchase agreements		(14,130,656)
Principal Payments:		
Bonds		3,965,345
Lease revenue notes		402,413
Lease purchase agreements		632,688
Comprehensive Services Act-Due to Commonwealth		250,000
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes		
in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	(8,761,785)

# Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these \$(214,744) and \$284,505 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board	
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest	\$	5,283 (7,899)	\$	101,505	
(Increase) decrease in other postemployment benefits  Amortization of bond premium  Amortization of loss on refunding  Amortization of issuance costs	_	(197,000) 332,791 (8,017) (106,054) (233,848)		183,000 - - - - -	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ =	(214,744)	\$	284,505	

## Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

## A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund) and the School Capital Projects Funds. The School Operating Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At June 30, 2012, no departments had expenditures in excess of its appropriations.

#### C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2012 the Workforce Investment Act and Central Stores funds had deficit fund equity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

#### Note 4-Deposits and Investments:

## Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

## Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk.

The County's rated debt investments for LGIP and Government Obligations were rated by Standard and Poor's and Moody's, respectively, as of June 30, 2012 and the ratings are presented below using the respective rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values								
Rated Debt Investments Fair Quality Ratings								
		AAAm		Unrated				
LGIP	\$	36,213	\$	_				
SNAP		2,145,830		_				
Government Obligations		-		13,006,047				
Total	\$	2,182,043	\$	13,006,047				

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk and had no investments subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2012.

# Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary Government		Component Unit	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	-		-		
Local sales tax	\$	356,715	\$	-	
Communication sales tax		395,797		-	
State sales tax		-		1,519,185	
Non-categorical aid		37,525		-	
Categorical aid-shared expenses		442,779		-	
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		65,481		-	
Categorical aid-other		501,327		363,606	
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act funds		642,793		-	
Federal Government:					
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		100,883		-	
Categorical aid-Workforce Investment Act funds		344,227		-	
Categorical aid-other	_	7,408	-	1,197,216	
Total Amount Due from Other Governmental Units	\$_	2,894,935	\$_	3,080,007	

# Note 6-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	(	ue to Primary Government/ Imponent Unit	Go	rom Primary vernment/	
Fullu		imponent ont	Component Unit		
Primary Government:	•	4 007 754	<b>*</b>		
General Fund	\$	1,927,754	\$	_	
Component Unit - School Board:					
School Fund	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,927,754	

## Note 6-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations: (continued)

Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Fund	 Due to	Due from			
Primary Government:					
Major Govemmental Funds:		. •			
General Fund	\$ 43,986	\$	79,781		
Enterprise Funds:					
Landfill fund	8,121		-		
Internal Service Funds:					
Central Stores Fund	71,660		-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
Forfeited Assets Fund	-		43,986		
Total	\$ 123,767	\$	123,767		

All balances are the results of time lag between dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The County expects all balances to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Fund	Tı	ransfers In	<u>1T</u>	ansfers Out
Primary Government:				
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	2,598,806	\$	(4,076,964)
Industrial Development Fund		939,748		(15,790)
Enterprise Funds:				
Landfill fund		3,137,216		(38,700)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
School Capital Improvements Fund		-		(2,368,861)
Debt Service Reserve Fund		-		(175,455)
Total	\$	6,675,770	\$	(6,675,770)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations:

# Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	_	As Restated, Balance July 1, 2011	_	Issuances	- <u>-</u>	Retirements	-	Balance June 30, 2012
General obligation bonds	\$	83,139,551	\$	-	\$	(3,965,345)	\$	79,174,206
Loan anticipation note		20,090,000		-		-		20,090,000
Lease revenue notes		3,132,553		-		(402,413)		2,730,140
Deferred Amounts:								
Bond premiums		1,739,853		-		(332,791)		1,407,062
On refunding		(909,732)		-		106,054		(803,678)
Bond discounts		(152,321)		-		8,017		(144,304)
Lease purchase agreements		2,354,277		14,130,656		(632,688)		15,852,245
OPEB liability		464,000		249,000		(52,000)		661,000
Compensated absences		998,212		743,376		(748,659)		992,929
Due to Commonwealth (CSA)	_	2,500,000	_	-		(250,000)	-	2,250,000
Total	\$_	113,356,393	\$_	15,123,032	\$	(6,269,825)	\$	122,209,600

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obli	gation Bonds	Loan Antici	oation Note	Revenu	ie Notes
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013	\$ 4,063,284	\$ 3,736,395	\$ -	\$ 703,150	\$ 425,209	\$ 111,385
2014	5,206,612	3,240,116	20,090,000	351,575	438,111	91,236
2015	5,432,369	3,365,394	-	-	461,152	70,210
2016	5,463,178	3,152,474	-	-	479,268	48,195
2017	5,155,955	2,944,048	-	-	243,000	32,116
2018-2022	24,084,347	11,445,758	-	-	683,400	37,522
2023-2027	19,903,461	5,617,436	-	-	-	-
2028-2031	9,865,000	1,155,750		_	-	
Totals	\$ 79,174,206	\$ 34,657,371	\$ 20,090,000	\$ 1,054,725	\$ 2,730,140	\$ 390,664

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

د د ۱۰ ۱۰	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	G	Balance Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Amount ue Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds: General Obligation Refunding Bond General Obligation Advance Refunding Bond General Obligation Refunding Bond General Obligation Bond General Obligation Bond General Obligation Refunding Bond General Obligation Refunding Bond General Obligation Bond Total GO Bonds	4.31% 3.28% 4.10-5.60% 3.60% 3.50-5.75% 3.00% 2.00-5.00%	12/22/1998 2/16/2005 11/10/2004 12/20/2007 10/30/2008 5/21/2009 4/22/2010	7/1/2014 2/1/2016 7/15/2024 3/1/2025 2/1/2030 3/1/2017 3/1/2023	\$ 6,622,000 9,240,000 15,735,749 10,000,000 40,000,000 1,612,500 12,485,000	\$	1,954,823 3,740,000 11,123,883 8,953,000 39,500,000 1,612,500 12,290,000 79,174,206	\$	620,944 890,000 732,840 552,000 250,000 107,500 910,000 4,063,284
Lease Revenue Notes: Revenue Bond - IDA Revenue Bond - SSB Total lease revenue notes	5.32% 3.99%	8/16/2005 4/27/2006	8/15/2015 7/15/2019	2,900,000	\$	929,240 1,800,900 2,730,140	\$	214,109 211,100 425,209
Loan Anticipation Note	3.50%	4/22/2010	7/15/2013	\$ 20,090,000	\$	20,090,000	\$	_
Deferred amounts: Plus: Unamortized Premium Less: Unamortized Discount Unamortized Amounts on Refunding					\$	1,407,062 (144,304) (803,678)		304,990 (8,017) (106,054)
Total deferred amounts					\$	459,080	\$	190,919
Other Obligations: Capital Leases (Note 8) Other postemployment benefits Compensated Absences CSA-Due to Commonwealth (Note 14) Total Other Obligations					\$	15,852,245 661,000 992,929 2,250,000 19,756,174	\$	464,966 - 744,697 250,000 1,459,663
Total Long-Term Obligations					\$	122,209,600	\$	6,139,075

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

# Primary Government - Enterprise Activity Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	_	As Restated, Balance July 1, 2011	Issuances	Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2012
General obligation bonds	\$	3,970,063 \$	2,555,000	\$ (957,386)	\$	5,567,677
Deferred Amounts:						
Bond premiums		-	351,958	-		351,958
On refunding		(41,708)	-	6,951		(34,757)
Landfill Closure/Postclosure		5,130,261	802,521	-		5,932,782
Compensated absences	_	15,869	14,647	(11,902)		18,614
Total	\$_	9,074,485 \$	3,724,126	\$ (962,337)	\$	11,836,274

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds									
June 30,	Principal		Interest							
2013	\$ 1,311,556	\$	203,370							
2014	521,059		159,791							
2015	550,062		135,227							
2016	615,000		116,325							
2017	1,155,000		94,450							
2018-2022	1,415,000		165,150							
Totals	\$ 5,567,677	\$	874,313							

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

# Primary Government - Enterprise Activity Indebtedness: (continued)

<b>—</b> 4 II					
Details	of long	_tarm	undo	ntari	inace:
Details	UI IUIIU	-101111	HILL	DIC.	1111000.

Details of long-term indeptedness:									
	Interest	Date	Final Maturity	,	Amount of Original	Βι	Balance usiness-type		Amount ue Within
,	Rates	Issued	<u>Date</u>		<u>lssue</u>		Activities		<u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds:									
General Obligation Refunding Bond	4.31%	12/22/1998	7/1/2014	\$	1,978,000	\$	595,177	\$	189,056
General Obligation Landfill Bond	2.125-5.125%	11/16/2011	11/1/2021		2,555,000		2,555,000		210,000
General Obligation Landfill Bond	2.00-3.10%	6/1/2003	2/1/2013		6,500,000		805,000		805,000
General Obligation Refunding Bond	3.00%	5/21/2009	3/1/2017		1,612,500	<u>-</u>	1,612,500	\$	107,500
Total GO Bonds						Φ_	5,567,677	Φ	1,311,556
Deferred amounts:									
Plus:									
Unamortized Premium						\$	351,958	\$	35,196
Less:									(0.074)
Unamortized Amounts on Refunding							(34,757)		(6,951)
Total deferred amounts						\$	317,201	\$	28,245
Other Obligations:									
Landfill Closure/Postclosure Liability						\$	5,932,782	\$	_
Compensated Absences							18,614		13,960
Total Other Obligations						\$	5,951,396	\$	13,960
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	11,836,274	\$	1,353,761
· ·							<del>,, , ,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

## Note 8-Capital Leases:

#### **Primary Government**

The County has entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of buses for the School Board. The School Board also issued a lease purchase agreement to pay for supplies and non-capitalized equipment used to implement an energy savings plan. The County entered into a capital lease agreement to upgrade its E-911 equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	_	School E - 911 Buses Equipment				Total
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	662,926 (72,195)	\$_	3,550,106	\$	4,213,032 (72,195)
Net Asset	\$_	590,731	\$_	3,550,106	\$.	4,140,837

At June 30, 2012, the project to upgrade the E-911 equipment was still in the construction in progress phase.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 School Buses	_	Energy Savings Lease		E - 911 Equipment Lease		Total
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022 2023-2024	\$ 224,601 223,402 - - - -	\$	324,043 324,043 324,043 324,043 324,043 648,086	\$	356,334 1,415,544 1,415,542 1,415,536 1,415,540 7,077,688 2,831,074	\$	904,978 1,962,989 1,739,585 1,739,579 1,739,583 7,725,774 2,831,074
Subtotal Less, amount representing interest	\$ 448,003 (9,044)	\$	2,268,301 (322,745)	\$	15,927,258 (2,459,528)	\$ _	18,643,562 (2,791,317)
Present Value of Lease Agreement	\$ 438,959	\$	1,945,556	\$_	13,467,730	\$_	15,852,245

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2012

# Note 9-Long-Term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

# Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012:

, t		Balance July 1, 2011		Increases		Decreases	_	Balance June 30, 2012
OPEB Liability	\$	402,000	\$	737,000	\$	(920,000)	\$	219,000
Compensated absences	_	1,629,441		1,120,576		(1,222,081)	_	1,527,936
Total	\$_	2,031,441	\$_	1,857,576	\$_	(2,142,081)	\$_	1,746,936
<u>Details of long-term indebtedness</u> :						Total		Amount Due
Other Obligations:						Amount	•	Within One Year
Other postemployment benefits				;	\$	219,000	\$	-
Compensated absences						1,527,936		1,145,952
Total Long-Term Obligations				;	\$	1,746,936	\$	1,145,952

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

#### Note 10-Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

## A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are
  covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement
  benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30
  years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least
  five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit
  beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of
  service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty
  employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for
  hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at
  least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70 %. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

## Note 10-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

## A. Plan Description (continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## B. Funding Policy

#### Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was 9.00% of annual covered payroll.

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):</u>

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was 6.75% of annual covered payroll.

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year 2012, the County's annual pension cost of \$1,111,822 (does not include the portion of the employee share assumed by the County which was \$617,679) was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. For fiscal year 2012, the School Board's annual pension cost of \$201,188 (does not include the portion of the employee share assumed by the School Board which was \$149,028) was equal to the School Board's required and actual contributions for the School Board Non-Professionals.

## Note 10-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

## C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

#### Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Cost (APC) <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
Drimary Cayaramant	Ending		Continuited	Obligat	HOII	
Primary Government:						
County	6/30/2010	\$ 1,095,418	100.00%	\$	-	
	6/30/2011	1,052,290	100.00%		-	
	6/30/2012	1,111,822	100.00%		-	
Discretely Presented-Component Unit:						
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2010	\$ 210,824	100.00%	\$	-	
	6/30/2011	208,878	100.00%		-	
	6/30/2012	201,188	100.00%		-	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Employer portion only

#### **Primary Government:**

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

## Note 10-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

## C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

## Discretely Presented-Component Unit School Board - Non-Professional:

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

## **Primary Government:**

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 80.49% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$54,482,086, and the actuarial value of assets was \$43,854,412, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$10,627,674. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,314,137, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 86.30%.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 81.10% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$13,672,566, and the actuarial value of assets was \$11,088,588, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,583,978. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,107,765, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 83.15%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

## Note 10-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

#### E. Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES:

#### Plan Description

The Pittsylvania County School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf</a> or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P. O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

## Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees was \$4,383,891, \$3,499,380, and \$4,716,692, for the fiscal years ended 2012, 2011, and 2010 respectively. Employer contributions represented 6.33%, 3.93%, and 8.81% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2012, 2011, and 2010 respectively.

# Note 11-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

# Primary Government:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		As Restated, Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:	_		_				_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,904,148	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,904,148
Construction in progress		63,386,296		4,144,395		(63,766,726)		3,763,965
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	68,290,444	\$_	4,144,395	\$_	(63,766,726)	\$_	8,668,113
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	77,352,433	\$	63,821,984	\$	-	\$	141,174,417
Machinery and equipment		14,669,245		950,340		(623,039)		14,996,546
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_ _	92,021,678	\$_	64,772,324	\$_	(623,039)	\$_	156,170,963
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(24,856,847)	\$	(1,978,248)	\$	-	\$	(26,835,095)
Machinery and equipment		(12,827,784)		(546,448)		217,828		(13,156,404)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(37,684,631)	\$_	(2,524,696)	\$_	217,828	\$_	(39,991,499)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	54,337,047	\$_	62,247,628	\$_	(405,211)	\$_	116,179,464
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	122,627,491	\$_	66,392,023	\$_	(64,171,937)	\$_	124,847,577

Note 11-Capital Assets: (continued)	
Primary Government: (continued)	

		As Restated,						
		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Enterprise Activities:	•				Ī			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	85,000	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	95,000
Construction in progress		-		1,205,236		-		1,205,236
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	85,000	\$_	1,215,236	\$_	-	\$_	1,300,236
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Infrastructure	\$	5,107,963	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,107,963
Machinery and equipment		3,440,843		6,715		-		3,447,558
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	8,548,806	\$_	6,715	\$_	-	\$_	8,555,521
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Infrastructure	\$	(1,281,222)	\$	(220,974)	\$	-	\$	(1,502,196)
Machinery and equipment		(3,171,986)		(73,486)		-		(3,245,472)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(4,453,208)	\$_	(294,460)	\$_	-	\$_	(4,747,668)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	4,095,598	\$_	(287,745)	\$_	-	. \$_	3,807,853
Enterprise activities capital assets, net	\$	4,180,598	\$_	927,491	\$_	-	. \$_	5,108,089

 $\label{lem:programs} \mbox{ Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:}$ 

## Governmental activities:

General governmental administration	\$	66,631
Judicial administration		28,483
Public safety		324,062
Public works		285,562
Health and welfare		85,055
Education		1,609,410
Parks, recreation, and cultural		59,399
Community development		66,094
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	2,524,696
Enterprise activities:	<del></del>	
Public works	\$	294,460

## Note 11-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

Discretely i resented component ont.		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Inorocco		Dooroonoo		J
	_	Dalance	_	Increases	_	Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:						-		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,662,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,662,750
Construction in progress		250,000		1,766,203		(1,935,376)		80,827
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	2,912,750	\$_	1,766,203	\$	(1,935,376)	\$_	2,743,577
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	20,161,444	\$	1,935,376	\$	-	\$	22,096,820
Machinery and equipment		14,050,861		571,630		(196,913)		14,425,578
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	34,212,305	\$_	2,507,006	\$	(196,913)	\$_	36,522,398
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(12,083,506)	\$	(267,012)	\$	-	\$	(12,350,518)
Machinery and equipment		(10,683,288)		(1,092,592)		196,913		(11,578,967)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(22,766,794)	\$_	(1,359,604)	\$	196,913	\$	(23,929,485)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	11,445,511	\$_	1,147,402	\$	_	\$_	12,592,913
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	14,358,261	\$_	2,913,605	\$	(1,935,376)	\$_	15,336,490

#### Note 12-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit – School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of each of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit – School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

## Note 13-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

## Note 14-Comprehensive Services Act-Amount Due to Commonwealth:

In an Order entered December 16, 2011, the State Executive Council ("SEC") found that Pittsylvania County is liable for \$7,699,933 in reimbursement for CSA funds used for ineligible students and services based on an audit conducted by the Auditor of Public Accounts. The SEC agreed to allow the CPMB to pay the Commonwealth of Virginia \$250,000 per year for a ten (10) year period, and if the CPMB abides by several probationary actions during the ten (10) year period, the SEC will forgo requiring the CPMB to repay the balance of the amount due and owing. At the December 20, 2011, Pittsylvania County Board of Supervisors' ("BOS") meeting, the BOS objected to the findings in the SEC's Order, but agreed to its disposition of the matter, i.e. repayment of \$2.5 million dollars over a ten (10) year period with probationary measures.

## Note 15-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	
H. F. Haymore, Jr., Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 25,000
Teresa D. Easley, Treasurer	750,000
Samuel W. Swanson, Jr., Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Michael W. Taylor, Sheriff	30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond	50,000
VACo Insurance Programs:	
All County employees-blanket bond	\$ 250,000
National Grange Mutual Insurance Company:	
All Social Services employees-blanket bond	\$ 100,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

#### Note 16-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. \$6,214,458 is the total estimated closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2012. This represents the cumulative amount based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill and is based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure in 2012. The liability on the statement of net assets of \$5,932,782 is based on the County's estimate that the landfill has reached 100% of Phase I and 93% of cell A in Phase II of capacity with a remaining useful life of 20 years for phase II, including cells B&C. Actual costs for closure and postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

## Note 17-Self Health Insurance:

The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2012, a total of \$10,618,609 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). As of June 30, 2012, the County was exposed to risk totaling \$1,173,207 based on enrollment to that date. Such risk represents the difference between the claims to date and the ceiling liability as calculated based on enrollment levels and health plan coverage. Additional costs in excess of the ceiling liability are covered by Anthem as part of their contract with the County. Incurred but not reported claims of \$898,624 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2012 were as follows:

		Current Year		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
			•	_
2011-12 \$	840,764 \$	10,676,469_\$	(10,618,609) \$	898,624

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2012

## Note 18-Deferred (Unearned) Revenue:

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$	18,238,795 \$	14,130,660
Prepaid taxes	_	1,277,434	1,277,434
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	19,516,229 \$	15,408,094

## Note 19-Commitments and Contingencies:

The Board of Supervisors approved moral obligation support agreements with the Pittsylvania County Service Authority, whereby the County will provide funding, if necessary, to repay the Service Authority's Series 2006 and 2007 Revenue Notes.

The Board of Supervisors of Pittsylvania County and the City Council of the City of Danville, Virginia approved support agreements with the Danville-Pittsylvania Regional Industrial Facility Authority to provide funding (subject to annual appropriations) sufficient to meet principal and interest payments on the Authority's \$7,300,000 revenue bonds.

The County has obligated funds for the projects described below as of June 30, 2012:

	Ori	Original Amount Paid		Remaining		Retainage		
	Cor	ntract	As c	of 6/30/2012	Cor	ntract Amount	F	ayable
Berry Hill Industrial Park	\$ 9	965,500	\$	918,075	\$	47,425	\$	=
Mega Park Water System	(	982,600		608,972		373,628		-
Ringgold East Industrial Park		99,000		52,800		46,200		-
Landfill Phase II Cell B Construction	2,0	)94,773		1,186,547		908,226		55,757
E-911 Equipment Upgrade	12,7	796,871		3,445,272		9,351,599		-
Orphanage Rd & Jefferson Rd		32,540		13,100		19,440		-
Hurt-Klopman Waterline Extension	4	107,399		298,743		108,656		10,336
Chatham Railroad Depot		271,500		251,449		20,051		13,234
Total Contracts	\$ 17,6	550,183	\$	6,774,958	\$	10,875,225	\$	79,327
<b>'</b>			\$		\$		\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

## Note 19-Commitments and Contingencies: (continued)

The County has also obligated funds for the development of projects initiated by the Regional Industrial Facilities Authority. The County's share of the projects as described below was 50% as of June 30, 2012.

	Service		Contract		Paid as	(	Contract		
Contractor	Provided	Project	Total	of	f 6/30/2012	R	emaining	Reta	ainage
Dewberry	Engineering	Berry Hill Industrial Park	\$ 990,850	\$	972,754	\$	18,096	\$	-
Dewberry	Engineering	Berry Hill Industrial Park	793,850		725		793,125		-
Dewberry	Engineering	Cane Creek Park	71,881		12,645		59,236		-
McCallen Sweeney	Consulting	Berry Hill Industrial Park	115,000		92,130		22,870		<u> </u>
Totals			\$ 1,971,581	\$	1,078,254	\$	893,327	\$	
County's 50% obligat	tion		\$ 985,791	\$	539,127	\$	446,664	\$	

School Board Early Retirement Incentive Program:

The Component Unit – School Board administers an early retirement incentive program for School Board employees. Early retirement is available to those employees with a minimum of twenty years of service in the Pittsylvania School System, including the five consecutive years immediately preceding the effective date of retirement. In addition, employees must be at least 55 years of age and less than 65 years of age to be eligible for the program. To participate, the employee must be a vested member of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). In addition, employees may not work for any other agency covered under the VRS during their tenure in the program. The program allows for payment of 20% of an employee's final contracted salary, earned before the effective date of retirement, for a period of 7 years or until the participant reaches the age of sixty-five. The School Board reserves the right to amend or terminate the program. Employees are required to work twenty days per year to receive their payment. At June 30, 2012 the commitment related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program was \$12,517,485.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

## Note 20-Other Post-Employment Benefits-Health Insurance:

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of post-employment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the County recognizes the cost of post-employment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

## A. Plan Description

The County of Pittsylvania and Pittsylvania County's Component Unit – School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County eligible retiree may receive this benefit until death. Any School Board eligible retiree may receive this benefit until he/she has reached sixty five years of age.

To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 55 and five years of service, or disabled with no age or service requirements. In addition, the School System has and Early Retirement Incentive Program that allows retirees to continue working and receive special benefits for five years if they retire after age 55 with 20 years as a participant of the Virginia Retirement System and have a minimum of 20 years of full-time employment with Pittsylvania County School System. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County and School Board currently have 375 and 1,317 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents.

Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County and School Board. The rates are as follows:

Medical & Dental	KeyCare 500	Key Care 30	Dental Basic	Dental Comprehensive
Employee Only	465.70	418.30	23.96	41.00
Employee & Spouse	1,028.64	924.26	47.04	81.84
Employee & Child	714.33	641.78	39.76	69.16
Family	1,394.53	1,253.20	78.76	118.70

## Note 20-Other Post-Employment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

## B. Funding Policy (continued)

The County eligible retirees may continue to receive the benefit past the age of 65. The rates for this group are as follows:

Medical & Dental	KeyCare 500	Key Care 30	Dental Basic	Dental Comprehensive
Employee Only	418.81	376.11	23.96	· 41.00
Employee & Spouse	837.62	752.22	47.04	81.84
Employee & Child	NA	NA	39.76	69.16
Family	NA	NA	78.76	118.70

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	249,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		19,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(19,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	_	249,000
Contributions made		(52,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		197,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		464,000
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	661,000

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
***************************************			
6/30/2010 \$	189,000	26% \$	278,000
6/30/2011	235,000	21%	464,000
6/30/2012	249,000	21%	661,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

## Note 20-Other Post-Employment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (continued)

For 2012, the School Board's annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$737,000 was not equal to the ARC of \$738,000. The obligation calculation is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	738,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		16,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(17,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	_	737,000
Contributions made		(920,000)
Increase (Decrease) in net OPEB obligation	_	(183,000)
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		402,000
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ _	219,000

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2010 \$	714,000	58% \$	570,000
6/30/2011	730,000	123% \$	402,000
6/30/2012	737,000	125% \$	219,000

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,009,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,009,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 12,354,518
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	16.26%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

## Note 20-Other Post-Employment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 8,562,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 8,562,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 46,278,550
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	18.50%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflations at 2.5 percent, and investments rate of return at 4.00 percent, and a health care trend rate of 9.00 percent graded to 5.00 percent over 10 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at June 30, 2011 was 29 years.

## Note 21—Other Post-Employment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

## A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the Code of Virginia. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 10.

# B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was 0.16% of annual covered payroll.

#### C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2012, the County's contribution of \$19,765 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years are as follows:

	Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net	
	Year	OPEB	of ARC	OPE	3
Primary Government:	Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligati	on
County	6/30/2010 \$		100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2011	20,173	100.00%		-
	6/30/2012	19.765	100.00%		_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

## Note 21—Other Post-Employment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 344,127
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 293,905
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 50,222
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL	85.41%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 12,314,137
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	0.41%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

## E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2011 was 30 years.

# Note 21—Other Post-Employment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

# F. Professional Employees – Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 0.88% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$232,157 and equaled the required contributions.

# Note 22—Restatement of Beginning Equity:

		Primary Go	ver	nment	Com	ponent Unit
	G	eneral Fund	L	andfill Fund	S	chool Board
Fund Balance as Previously Reported 6/30/11	\$	33,417,594	\$	-	\$	279,766
Error in posting AR affecting amount due Schools		(48,582)		<u>-</u>		48,582
Fund Balance as Restated 6/30/11	\$	33,369,012	\$	-	\$	328,348
	_		_		_	
	G	iovernmental	В	usiness-type		mponent Unit
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>	<u>S</u> (	chool Board
Net Assets as Previously Reported 6/30/11	\$	52,484,135	\$	-	\$	13,209,178
Change in Fund Balance (above)		(48,582)		-		48,582
Accrued Leave*		15,869		(15,869)		-
Interest Payable*		20,037		(20,037)		-
Landfill Closure/Postclosure*		5,130,261		(5,130,261)		-
Debt Obligations*		3,970,063		(3,970,063)		-
Issuance Costs*		(25,436)		25,436		-
Loss on Refunding*		(41,708)		41,708		-
Capital Assets, net of related depreciation*		(4,180,598)		4,180,598		-
Net Assets as Restated 6/30/11	\$	57,324,041	\$	(4,888,488)	\$	13,257,760

<sup>\*</sup>Restatement is due to the separation of the Landfill from Public Works in the General Fund into its own Proprietary Fund.



# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia General Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				ariance with nal Budget -
					•	Actual		Positive
DEVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES General property taxes	\$	28,455,893	œ	28,455,893	æ	29,536,089	¢	1,080,196
Other local taxes	Ψ	6,549,245	φ	6,549,245	Ψ	6,805,947	Ψ	256,702
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		153,900		153,900		162,287		8,387
Fines and forfeitures		182,000		182,000		173,265		(8,735)
Revenue from the use of money and property		600,000		600,000		622,287		22,287
Charges for services		523,200		279,700		329,573		49,873
Miscellaneous		148,335		195,450		129,429		(66,021)
Recovered costs		2,163,744		2,500,089		1,425,793		(1,074,296)
Intergovernmental revenues:		2,100,144		2,000,000		1,120,100		(1,01 1,200)
Commonwealth		20,656,483		20,773,301		15,755,962		(5,017,339)
Federal		3,978,660		4,061,428		2,618,292		(1,443,136)
Total revenues		63,411,460		63,751,006		57,558,924		(6,192,082)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		2,805,785		2,913,316		2,768,169		145,147
Judicial administration		1,514,876		1,600,056		1,566,584		33,472
Public safety		15,329,398		16,215,608		14,064,597		2,151,011
Public works		4,408,653		1,401,537		1,215,984		185,553
Health and welfare		14,533,843		14,550,079		8,357,254		6,192,825
Education		12,978,702		14,621,755		15,544,890		(923,135)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,325,111		1,389,289		1,384,918		4,371
Community development		24,513,719		2,473,626		1,972,730		500,896
Capital projects		18,201,800		18,144,329		3,705,766		14,438,563
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		5,605,428		5,631,127		5,000,446		630,681
Bond issuance costs		-		=		118,425		(118,425)
Interest and other fiscal charges		5,315,255		5,340,686		4,829,787		510,899
Total expenditures	_	106,532,570		84,281,408		60,529,550		23,751,858
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(43,121,110)		(20,530,402)		(2,970,626)		17,559,776
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		3,587,388		3,908,155		2,598,806		(1,309,349)
Transfers out		(2,132,967)		(4,141,916)		(4,076,964)		64,952
Issuance of general obligation bonds		25,000,000		-		-		-
Issuance of capital leases	_	17,539,000		17,539,000		13,467,730		(4,071,270)
Total other financing sources and uses		43,993,421		17,305,239		11,989,572		(5,315,667
Net change in fund balances		872,311		(3,225,163)		9,018,946		12,244,109
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		918,050		4,888,449		33,369,012		28,480,563
Fund balances - ending	-\$	1,790,361	\$	1,663,286	\$	42,387,958	\$	40,724,672

### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

# Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Primary Government		

	n	-
County	Retirement	Plan:

Valuation as of (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2011	\$ 43,854,412	\$ 54,482,086	\$ 10,627,674	80.49%	\$ 12,314,137	86.30%
June 30, 2010	42,833,469	52,167,289	9,333,820	82.11%	12,354,518	75.55%
June 30, 2009	42,534,376	47,119,923	4.585.547	90.27%	12,416,646	36.93%
	th Insurance Credit f		7			
Valuation	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded	Funded Ratio	Annual	UAAL as a
	Value of	Accrued	AAL (UAAL)	Assets as %	Covered	% of Covered

Valuation as of (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	,	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (3)	AA	nfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	 Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$ 293,905 251,955 242,603	\$	344,127 368,558 347,092	\$	50,222 116,603 104,489	85.41% 68.36% 69.90%	\$ 12,314,137 12,354,518 12,416,646	0.41% 0.94% 0.84%

### County Healthcare Plan:

Valuation as of * (1)	Actuaria Value o Assets (2)	of	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Assets of AAL (5	as % (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	% of Payro	L as a Covered II (4)/(6) (7)
July 1, 2010 July 1, 2008	\$	-	\$ 2,009,000 1,622,000	\$ 2,009,000 1,622,000	0.0		\$ 12,354,518 12,263,717		.26% .23%

### Discretely Presented Component Unit:

### School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

Valuation as of (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2011	\$ 11,088,588	\$ 13,672,566	\$ 2,583,978	81.10%	\$ 3,107,765	83.15%
June 30, 2010	11,141,234	13,176,579	2,035,345	84.55%	3,138,550	64.85%
June 30, 2009	11,326,200	12,127,414	801,214	93.39%	3,168,040	25.29%

#### School Board Healthcare Plan

Valuation as of * (1)	Val As	uarial lue of ssets (2)	_Lia	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Assets of AAL ( (5)	as %	 Annual Covered Payroll (6)	% of 0 Payro	L as a Covered II (4)/(6) (7)
July 1, 2010	\$	-	\$	8,562,000	\$ 8,562,000	0.00	%	\$ 46,278,550	18.	50%
July 1, 2008		-		6,368,000	6,368,000	0.00	%	52,347,852	12.	16%

<sup>\*</sup>Only two years of data available

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Industrial Development Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Recovered costs	\$	5,500	\$	39,759	\$	39,790	\$	31
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		4,986,021		8,316,674		2,263,381		(6,053,293)
Total revenues		4,991,521		8,356,433		2,303,171		(6,053,262)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Community development		7,216,146		12,189,536		2,567,365		9,622,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,224,625)		(3,833,103)		(264,194)		3,568,909
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		930,000		939,748		939,748		-
Transfers out		-		(15,790)		(15,790)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		930,000		923,958		923,958		_
Net change in fund balances		(1,294,625)		(2,909,145)		659,764		3,568,909
Fund balances - beginning	_	1,294,625	r	2,909,145	Ф.	2,477,685	<b>.</b>	(431,460)
Fund balances - ending	<u>*</u>		\$	-	\$	3,137,449	\$	3,137,449

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Act Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	•	Actual Amounts	_	/ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>		<u>1 11101</u>		Amounto		(itegulive)
Miscellaneous	\$ •	\$	220,503	\$	279,800	\$	59,297
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal	2,727,185		3,748,180		3,082,939		(665,241)
Total revenues	2,727,185		3,968,683		3,362,739		(605,944)
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	 2,727,185		3,968,683		3,505,685		462,998
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-		*		(142,946)		(142,946)
Net change in fund balances	<b>.</b>		-		(142,946)		(142,946)
Fund balances - beginning	 -		-		20,474		20,474
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	•	\$	(122,472)	\$	(122,472)



# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

		ited Assets Fund	Dei Service F <u>Fur</u>	Reserve	nool Capital provements <u>Fund</u>	(	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	933,914	\$	216,959	\$ -	\$	1,150,873
Investments		-		-	2,960,545		2,960,545
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles):							
Accounts receivable		13,058		-	-		13,058
Due from other funds		43,986		- 040.050			43,986
Total assets	VIII.	990,958		216,959	 2,960,545		4,168,462
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Retainage payable Total liabilities				-	 10,000 10,000		10,000 10,000
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Construction		-		-	2,950,545		2,950,545
Forfeited Assets Fund		990,958		-	-		990,958
Assigned:							
Debt service				216,959	-		216,959
Total fund balances		990,958		216,959	2,950,545		4,158,462
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	990,958	\$	216,959	\$ 2,960,545	\$	4,168,462

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES	Forfe	ited Assets <u>Fund</u>	Ser	Debt vice Reserve Fund		School Capital Improvements <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,576	\$	5,513	\$	17.695	§ 24,784
Recovered costs	*	9,937	*	-	•	-	9,937
Intergovernmental revenues:		,					,
Commonwealth		766,416		-		-	766,416
Total revenues		777,929		5,513		17,695	801,137
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public safety		158,263		-		=	158,263
Community development		-		1,000,000		-	1,000,000
Capital projects				-		1,091,009	1,091,009
Total expenditures	<del></del>	158,263		1,000,000		1,091,009	2,249,272
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		619,666		(994,487)		(1,073,314)	(1,448,135)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		-		(175,455)		(2,368,861)	(2,544,316)
Issuance of capital leases		_		-		662,926	662,926
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(175,455)		(1,705,935)	(1,881,390)
Net change in fund balances		619.666		(1,169,942)		(2,779,249)	(3,329,525)
Fund balances - beginning		371,292		1,386,901		5,729,794	7,487,987
Fund balances - ending	\$	990,958	\$	216,959	\$		4,158,462

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Forfeited Assets Fund								
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,576	\$	1,576	
Recovered costs		-		-		9,937		9,937	
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Commonwealth		65,000		178,500		766,416		587,916	
Total revenues		65,000		178,500		777,929		599,429	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public safety		65,000		178,500		158,263		20,237	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_		_		619,666		619,666	
Net change in fund balances		-		_		619,666		619,666	
Fund balances - beginning		<u>.</u>		-		371,292		371,292	
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	\$	-	\$	990,958	\$	990,958	

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

For the	Vear	Ended	June	3በ	2012
roi ille	i eai	Ellueu	Julie	JU.	ZUIZ

	Debt Service Reserve Fund						
	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual						
REVENUES	<del>-</del>		<del>,                                    </del>	(Negative)			
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ - \$	_	\$ 5,513	5,513			
Total revenues	 -	•	5,513	5,513			
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Community development	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-			
Total expenditures	 -	1,000,000	1,000,000	-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 -	(1,000,000)	(994,487)	5,513			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(5,759)	(180,759)	(175,455)	5,304			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,759)	(180,759)	(175,455)	5,304			
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning, as restated	(5,759) 5,759	(1,180,759) 1,180,759	(1,169,942) 1,386,901	10,817 206,142			
Fund balances - ending	\$ - \$	-	\$ 216,959				

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		School Improvements Fund						
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual						
REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u>riyiridi</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- \$	-	\$ 17,695	\$ 17,695			
Total revenues		-	-	17,695	17,695			
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects			578,083	1,091,009	(512,926)			
Total expenditures		-	578,083	1,091,009	(512,926)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	(578,083)	(1,073,314)	(495,231)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(2,368,862)	(2,368,862)	(2,368,861)	1			
Issuance of capital leases		-	-	662,926	662,926			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,368,862)	(2,368,862)	(1,705,935)	662,927			
Net change in fund balances		(2,368,862)	(2,946,945)	(2,779,249)	167,696			
Fund balances - beginning		2,368,862	2,946,945	5,729,794	2,782,849			
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	•	\$ 2,950,545	\$ 2,950,545			

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2012

		Central Stores <u>Fund</u>	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	3,536,859	\$ 3,536,859
Accounts receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles		40,750	1,056,159	1,096,909
Inventories		20,518	_	20,518
Total current assets	***************************************	61,268	4,593,018	4,654,286
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		18,406	-	18,406
Estimate of incurred but unreported health claims		, -	898,624	898,624
Due to other funds		71,660	, -	71,660
Total current liabilities		90,066	898,624	988,690
NET ASSETS				
Restricted for health insurance claims	\$	- \$	3,694,394	\$ 3,694,394
Unrestricted	•	(28,798)	-	(28,798)
Total net assets	\$	(28,798) \$	3,694,394	\$ 3,665,596

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Central Stores Fund	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services:			
Materials and supplies	\$ 718,714	\$ -	\$ 718,714
Insurance premiums	 -	10,875,470	10,875,470
Total operating revenues	 718,714	10,875,470	11,594,184
OPERATING EXPENSES Supplies, insurance and telephone	746,481	- 40 040 000	746,481
Insurance claims and expenses	 740 404	10,618,609	10,618,609
Total operating expenses	 746,481	10,618,609	11,365,090
Operating income (loss)	 (27,767)	256,861	229,094
Total net assets - beginning	 (1,031)	3,437,533	3,436,502
Total net assets - ending	\$ (28,798)	\$ 3,694,394	\$ 3,665,596

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Central Stores <u>Fund</u>		Self- insurance <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts for materials and supplies	\$	745,550	\$	-	\$	745,550
Receipts for insurance premiums		-		9,819,311		9,819,311
Payments to suppliers		(745,550)		-		(745,550)
Payments for premiums		-		(10,560,749)		(10,560,749)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		_		(741,438)		(741,438)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-		(741,438)		(741,438)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		<u>-</u>		4,278,297		4,278,297
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-	\$	3,536,859	\$	3,536,859
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$	(27,767)	¢	256,861	\$	229,094
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	Ψ	(21,101)	Ψ	200,001	Ψ	220,004
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		26,836		(1,056,159)		(1,029,323)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(3,182)		-		(3,182)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(12,013)		57,860		45,847
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		16,126				16,126
Total adjustments		27,767		(998,299)		(970,532)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	-	\$	(741,438)	\$	(741,438)

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	_	Special <u>Welfare</u>		Cash Bond Fund	Sheriff's Inmate Trust and Canteen Account <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,972	\$	296,527	\$ -	\$ 309,499
Cash in custody of others		-		-	33,944	33,944
Total assets	_	12,972		296,527	33,944	 343,443
LIABILITIES						
Amounts held for social services clients		12,972			_	12,972
Amounts held for developers		-		296,527	-	296,527
Amounts held for inmates		-		-	33,944	33,944
Total liabilities	\$	12,972	\$	296,527	\$ 33,944	\$ 343,443

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

# MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2012

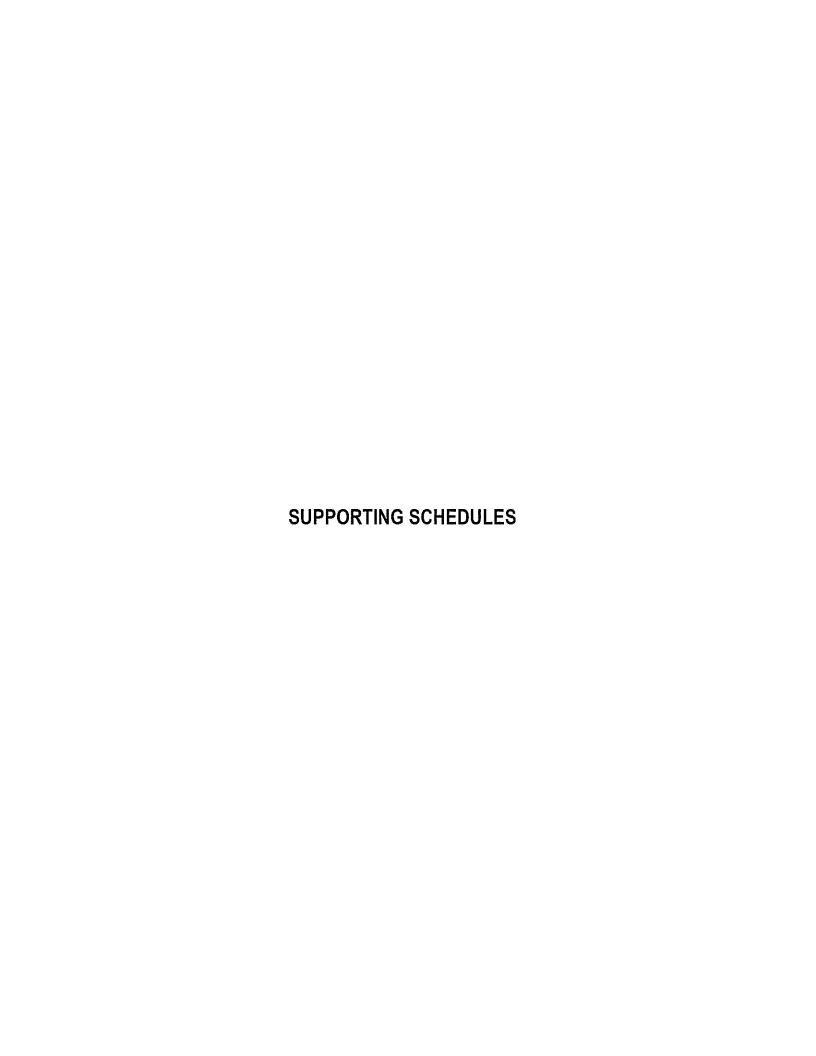
		School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	382,346
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Accounts receivable		25,440
Due from primary government		1,927,754
Due from other governmental units		3,080,007
Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		
Cash and cash equivalents		2,614
Total assets		5,418,161
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		899,793
Salaries payable Total liabilities	_	4,130,778
Total naphries	_	5,030,571
Fund balances:		
Restricted:		
School Cafeteria		387,590
Total fund balances	<u> </u>	387,590
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	5,418,161
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Total fund balances per above	\$	387,590
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		15,336,490
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Certain items reported as expenditures in the fund statements are deferred and shown as assets on the statement of net assets.		666,859
Long-term liabilities, including early retirement incentives, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(1,746,936)
Net assets of governmental activities		14,644,003
The about of governmental addition	<u> </u>	11,011,000

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES	School Operating Fund
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental revenues:	\$ 40,831 2,063,669 860,920 3,197,286
Local government Commonwealth Federal Total revenues	 15,536,358 53,375,056 10,960,201 86,034,321
EXPENDITURES Current: Education	85,975,079
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	59,242
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning, as restated Fund balances - ending	\$ 59,242 328,348 387,590
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	\$ 59,242
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays and the transfer of debt financed assets from the general government exceeded depreciation in the current period.	978,229
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	284,505
Certain items reported as expenditures in the fund statements are deferred and shown as assets on the statement of net assets.	64,267
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,386,243

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	School Operating Fund								
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts <u>Final</u>	-	<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,116	\$	1,116	\$	40,831	\$	39,715	
Charges for services		2,319,690		2,319,690		2,063,669		(256,021)	
Miscellaneous		634,802		701,310		860,920		159,610	
Recovered costs		1,207,292		4,338,218		3,197,286		(1,140,932)	
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Local government		12,970,170		14,613,223		15,536,358		923,135	
Commonwealth		52,802,964		53,456,933		53,375,056		(81,877)	
Federal		13,021,400		13,366,362		10,960,201		(2,406,161)	
Total revenues		82,957,434		88,796,852		86,034,321		(2,762,531)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education	,	82,957,434		88,796,852		85,975,079		2,821,773	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		-		-		59,242		59,242	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		59,242		59,242	
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		-		-		328,348		328,348	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	387,590	\$	387,590	



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real Property Tax	\$	19,009,788	\$	19,009,788	\$	19,564,706	\$	554,918
Real and Personal PSC Tax		1,729,915		1,729,915		1,799,245		69,330
Personal Property Tax		5,290,113		5,290,113		5,672,978		382,865
Mobile Home Tax		231,782		231,782		243,679		11,897
Machinery and Tools Tax		1,386,315		1,386,315		1,534,656		148,341
Merchants Capital Penalties		205,480 282,500		205,480 282,500		230,636 263,596		25,156
Interest		320,000		320,000		226,593		(18,904) (93,407)
Total general property taxes	-\$	28,455,893	\$	28,455,893	\$	29,536,089	\$	1,080,196
Other local taxes:								
Local Sales and Use Tax	\$	1,792,000	¢	1,792,000	œ	1,982,491	e	190,491
Consumers' Utility Tax	Ψ	1,350,000	φ	1,350,000	Ψ	1,283,427	φ	(66,573)
Consumption Taxes		125,000		125,000		196,835		71,835
Franchise License Tax		120,000		120,000		45,667		45,667
Business License Tax		2,800		2,800		2,650		(150)
Meals Tax		595,000		595,000		630,980		35,980
Motor Vehicle Licenses		2,346,245		2,346,245		2,339,861		(6,384)
Bank Stock Tax		35,200		35,200		58,495		23,295
Taxes on Recordation and Wills		303,000		303,000		265,541		(37,459)
Total other local taxes	_\$_	6,549,245	\$	6,549,245	\$	6,805,947	\$	256,702
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	37,259	\$	(2,741)
Land use application fees		2,200		2,200		2,108		(92)
Transfer fees		1,600		1,600		1,718		118
Cellular tower fees		30,000		30,000		32,054		2,054
Permits and other licenses		80,100		80,100		89,148		9,048
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	_\$_	153,900	\$	153,900	\$	162,287	\$	8,387
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures		182,000	\$	182,000	\$	173,265	\$	(8,735)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	403,072	\$	28,072
Revenue from use of property		225,000		225,000		219,215		(5,785)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	622,287	\$	22,287
Charges for services:		_						
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$		\$	(3,500)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		2,000		2,000		4,568		2,568
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		62,200		62,200		79,539		17,339
Charges for Animal Control		6,000 3,000		6,000		4,160		(1,840)
Charges for Copies Charges for sanitation and waste removal		245,000		3,000		2,900		(100)
Charges for parks and recreation		243,000		-		94		94
Rescue Billing		_		10,000		81,907		71,907
Charges for recycling		8,500		.5,000		528		528
Administrative charges		42,000		42,000		42,716		716
Charges for library		22,000		22,000		24,516		2,516
Law library fees		16,000		16,000		10,195		(5,805)
Courthouse maintenance fees		15,000		15,000		11,490		(3,510)
Courthouse security fees		90,000		90,000		56,375		(33,625)
Medical Co-pay		3,600		3,600		5,385		1,785
Other Charges for Services		4,400	•	4,400		5,200	_	800
Total charges for services	_\$_	523,200	\$	279,700	Þ	329,573	\$	49,873

	To real Ended cuite of	0.:		Circl				ariance with
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>		Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous revenue:	_	200			_		_	
Sale of maps, ordinances	\$	600	\$	600	\$	1,616	\$	1,016
Miscellaneous other		104,735		146,885		54,080		(92,805)
Sale of property/surplus Gifts and donations		43,000		47,965		53,504 20,229		53,504 (27,736)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	148,335	\$	195,450	ŝ	129,429	\$	(66,021)
rotal miscellaneous revenue	<u> </u>	140,000	Ψ	100,400	Ψ	123,423	Ψ	(00,021)
Recovered costs:								
Recovered costs - Danville City	\$	60,000	\$	205,717	\$	247,877	\$	42,160
Recovered cost - Community College		9,000		9,000		10,051		1,051
Sheriffs extra duty		65,000		102,466		104,645		2,179
Recovered costs - Social Services		1,310,000		1,310,000		74,297		(1,235,703)
Recovered cost local jails		255,360		255,360		319,023		63,663
Recoverd cost health department		100,000		100,000		69,827		(30,173)
Expenditure refunds		-		110,591		132,465		21,874
Recovered cost CSA		10,000		10,000		9,556		(444)
Soil and water conservation district		132,667		132,667		120,410		(12,257)
School resource officer		87,217		87,217		87,712		495
Recovered cost - telephone		5,000		46,065		44,908		(1,157)
P.A. refunds		25,000		25,000		48,024		23,024
Other Recovered Costs		104,500		106,006		156,998		50,992
Total recovered costs	_\$_	2,163,744	\$	2,500,089	\$	1,425,793	\$	(1,074,296)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	38,776,317	\$	38,916,277	\$	39,184,670	\$	268,393
Intergovernmental revenue:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	80,262	\$	262
Mobile home titling tax	*	120,000		120,000		80,218		(39,782)
Motor vehicle rental tax		2,000		2,000		3,880		1,880
State recordation tax		80,000		80,000		77,538		(2,462)
State Communications Tax		2,400,000		2,400,000		2,317,528		(82,472)
Personal property tax relief act funds		4,139,276		4,139,276		4,139,277		` 1
Total noncategorical aid	\$	6,821,276	\$	6,821,276	\$	6,698,703	\$	(122,573)
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	501,307	\$	501,307	s	489,511	ç	(11,796)
Sheriff	Ψ	3,647,955	Ψ	3,647,955	Ψ	3,742,018	Ψ	94,063
Commissioner of revenue		139,223		139,223		138,896		(327)
Treasurer		153,895		153,895		152,895		(1,000)
Registrar/electoral board		60,000		60,000		59,020		(980)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		348,037		400,424		393,442		(6,982)
Circuit Court		55,000		55,200		70,435		15,235
Total Shared Expenses	\$	4,905 <u>,417</u>	\$	4,958,004	\$	5,046,217	\$	88,213
Other categorical aid:		—						<del></del>
Victim witness grant	\$	17,329	\$	17,329	\$	18,321	\$	992
VJCCA grant	Ψ	38,546	~	38,546	4	39,440	*	894
Records preservation grant		5,000		9,976		9,924		(52)
DMV grants				6,400		6,365		(35)
Law enforcement grants		1,054,900		1,059,965		7,573		(1,052,392)
E-911 grants		267,606		269,606		125,205		(144,401)
Criminal history grants		108,000		108,000		0,200		(108,000)
		.50,500		.50,000				(,)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental revenue: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)							
Categorical aid: (Continued)							
Other categorical aid: (Continued)							
Technology grants	\$	5,000 \$	5,000	\$	244	\$	(4,756)
EMS grants		95,000	95,000		63,412		(31,588)
Fire Program Funds		190,000	190,000		159,500		(30,500)
Library grants		154,647	143,568		143,568		-
Litter control grants		19,000	25,869		15,001		(10,868
Public assistance		2,136,280	2,136,280		1,210,072		(926,208)
Comprehensive services act		4,786,527	4,786,527		2,135,615		(2,650,912
Babycare grant		51,955	51,955		26,802		(25, 153)
CDBG state grants			50,000		50,000		-
Total other categorical aid	\$	8,929,790 \$	8,994,021	\$	4,011,042	\$	(4,982,979)
Total categorical aid	 \$	13,835,207 \$	13,952,025	¢	9,057,259	•	(4,894,766)
·							
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_\$_	20,656,483 \$	20,773,301	\$	15,755,962	\$	(5,017,339
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
DMV ground transportation safety grant	\$	95,000 \$	95,000	\$	-	\$	(95,000
Train Depot Restoration		400,000	400,000		141,830		(258,170
CDBG grants		700	700		-		(700
Homeland security		16,300	99,068		80,180		(18,888
Emergency management preparedness		18,605	18,605				(18,605
Law enforcement block grants		161,714	161,714		110,824		(50,890
Crime victim assistance		51,988	51,988		54,965		2,977
Bureau of justice assistance		58,400	58,400		8,101		(50,299
Public assistance		3,175,953	3,175,953		2,222,392		(953,561
Total categorical aid	\$	3,978,660 \$	4,061,428	\$	2,618,292	\$	(1,443,136
Total revenue from the federal government	_\$_	3,978,660 \$	4,061,428	\$	2,618,292	\$	(1,443,136)
Total General Fund	\$	63,411,460 \$	63,751,006	\$	57,558,924	\$	(6,192,082)
Special Revenue Funds:							
Industrial Development Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Recovered costs:							
Industrial Development Authority	_\$_	5,500 \$	39,759	\$	39,790	\$_	31
Categorical aid:							
Tobacco indemnification funds	\$	4,986,021 \$	8,266,674	\$	2,213,381	\$	(6,053,293)
Governor's opportunity funds	•	, .	50,000	·	50,000	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total categorical aid	\$	4,986,021 \$	8,316,674	\$	2,263,381	\$	(6,053,293)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,986,021 \$	8,316,674	\$	2,263,381	\$	(6,053,293)
Total Industrial Development Fund	\$	4,991,521 \$	8,356,433	\$	2,303,171	\$	(6,053,262)
Workforce Investment Act Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Miscellaneous revenue:							
	¢	. \$	220 503	\$	279 800	\$	59,297
Other miscellaneous	\$	<u>- \$</u>	220,503	\$	279,800	\$	59,

Special Rovenue Funds: (Continued)   Monthorize Investment Act Fund: (Continued)   Intergovernmental revenue: Revenue from the federal government.   Categorical aid.   Categorical aid.   WIA adult programs, youth activities, and dislocated workers   \$ 2,727,185   \$ 3,968,683   \$ 3,082,939   \$ (605,241)   Total Workforce Investment Act Fund   \$ 2,727,185   \$ 3,968,683   \$ 3,082,939   \$ (605,944)   Revenue Funds:   Revenue from test of money and property:   Revenue from test of money and property:   Revenue from test of money and property:   Revenue from the Commonwealth:   Revenue from the use of money and property:   Revenue from the use of mo	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Interpovermental revenue:   Revenue from the federal government:   Categorical aid:   WIA adult programs, youth activities, and dislocated workers   \$ 2,727,185   \$ 3,748,180   \$ 3,082,939   \$ (665,241)   \$ Total Workforce Investment Act Fund   \$ 2,727,185   \$ 3,988,683   \$ 3,362,739   \$ (605,241)   \$ (605,							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:	· ·						
Valle adult programs, youth activities, and dislocated workers   \$2,727,185   \$3,748,180   \$3,082,939   \$0,665,241     Total Workforce Investment Act Fund   \$2,727,185   \$3,968,683   \$3,352,739   \$0,605,944     Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:   Forfeited Assets Fund:   Revenue from local sources:   Revenue from use of money and property:   Revenue from the use of money and property:   Revenue from the use of money and property:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Recovered costs:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the Commonwealth:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the Service Reserve Funds:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the Service Reserve Funds:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the use of money and property:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the use of money and property:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the use of money and property:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from the use of money and property:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue from local sources:   \$1,576   \$1,576   \$1,576     Revenue fro	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Total Workforce Investment Act Fund   \$ 2,727,185   \$ 3,968,683   \$ 3,362,739   \$ (605,944)	<del>_</del>	e	0.707.40F @	2 740 400		2 002 020	m (00E 044)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:           Forfeited Assets Fund:           Revenue from local sources:         Revenue from the use of money and property:         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	wia addit programs, youth activities, and dislocated workers	<u> </u>	2,727,100 \$	3,748,180	<b>D</b>	3,082,939	\$ (665,241)
Part	Total Workforce Investment Act Fund	\$	2,727,185 \$	3,968,683	\$	3,362,739	\$ (605,944)
Part	Nonmaior Special Revenue Funds:						
Revenue from use of money and property:   Revenue from the use of money   \$	• •						
Revenue from the use of money   \$	Revenue from local sources:						
Recovered costs:	Revenue from use of money and property:						
Other recovered costs         \$         \$         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         1,1513         \$         1,15	Revenue from the use of money	_\$_	- \$	-	\$	1,576	\$ 1,576
Other recovered costs         \$         \$         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         9,937         \$         1,1513         \$         1,15	Denovered poets						
Total revenue from local sources   \$ \$ \$ \$ 11,513   \$ 11,513	***************************************	e	ė		œ	0.027	¢ 0.027
Revenue from the Commonwealth:   Categorical aid:   Asset forfeiture funds   \$ 65,000   \$ 178,500   \$ 766,416   \$ 587,916     Total Forfeited Assets Fund   \$ 65,000   \$ 178,500   \$ 777,929   \$ 599,429     Nonmajor Debt Service Reserve Funds:   Debt Service Reserve Funds:   Debt Service Reserve Fund:   Revenue from local sources:   Revenue from use of money and property:   Revenue from the use of money   \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513   \$ 5,513     Total Debt Service Reserve Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513   \$ 5,513     Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:   School Capital Improvements Fund:   Revenue from local sources:   Revenue from the use of money   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695   \$ 17,695     Total School Capital Improvements Fund   \$ - \$ -	Offici recovered costs		- 9	-	Ф	9,937	\$ 9,931
Categorical aid:	Total revenue from local sources	\$	- \$	-	\$	11,513	\$ 11,513
Asset forfeiture funds \$ 65,000 \$ 178,500 \$ 766,416 \$ 587,916  Total Forfeited Assets Fund \$ 65,000 \$ 178,500 \$ 777,929 \$ 599,429  Nonmajor Debt Service Reserve Funds:  Debt Service Reserve Fund:  Revenue from local sources:  Revenue from use of money and property:  Revenue from the use of money \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund  \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:  School Capital Improvements Fund:  Revenue from local sources:  Revenue from use of money \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Total Forfeited Assets Fund   \$ 65,000 \$ 178,500 \$ 777,929 \$ 599,429	Categorical aid:						
Nonmajor Debt Service Reserve Funds:  Debt Service Reserve Fund:  Revenue from local sources:  Revenue from the use of money  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513   Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:  School Capital Improvements Fund:  Revenue from local sources:  Revenue from use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	Asset forfeiture funds	\$	65,000 \$	178,500	\$	766,416	\$ 587,916
Debt Service Reserve Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  17,695	Total Forfeited Assets Fund	\$	65,000 \$	178,500	\$	777,929	\$ 599,429
Debt Service Reserve Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  17,695	Namesias Dakt Camira Dances Funds						
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	•						
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695							
Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Total Debt Service Reserve Fund \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513  Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695							
Total Debt Service Reserve Fund \$ - \$ - \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513 \$ 5,513 \$ Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	, , , ,	\$	- \$	-	\$	5.513	\$ 5.513
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_ <u></u> _	······································		*	0,010	0,010
School Capital Improvements Fund:  Revenue from local sources:  Revenue from use of money and property:  Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	Total Debt Service Reserve Fund		- \$	*	\$	5,513	\$ 5,513
School Capital Improvements Fund:  Revenue from local sources:  Revenue from use of money and property:  Revenue from the use of money  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695  Total School Capital Improvements Fund  \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:						
Revenue from local sources:       Revenue from local sources:         Revenue from use of money and property:       \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695         Revenue from the use of money       \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695         Total School Capital Improvements Fund       \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695							
Revenue from use of money and property:       \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695         Revenue from the use of money       \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695         Total School Capital Improvements Fund       \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695							
Revenue from the use of money         \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695           Total School Capital Improvements Fund         \$ - \$ - \$ 17,695 \$ 17,695							
		\$	\$		\$	17,695	\$ 17,695
							· · ·
Total Primary Government <u>\$ 71,195,166</u> \$ 76,254,622 \$ 64,025,971 \$ (12,228,651)	Total School Capital Improvements Fund	\$	- \$	-	\$	17,695	\$ 17,695
	Total Primary Government	\$	71,195,166 \$	76,254,622	\$	64,025,971	\$ (12,228,651)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	1,116	\$ 1,116	\$ 591	\$	(525)
Revenue from the use of property			-	40,240		40,240
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	1,116	\$ 1,116	\$ 40,831	\$	39,715
Charges for services:						
School food	\$	2,179,070	\$ 2,179,070	\$ 1,959,072	\$	(219,998)
Tuition and payments from other divisions	•	140,620	140,620	104,597	•	(36,023)
Total charges for services	\$	2,319,690	\$ 2,319,690	\$ 2,063,669	\$	(256,021)
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Other miscellaneous	\$	634,802	\$ 701,310	\$ 860,920	\$	159,610
Recovered costs:						
Other recovered costs	\$	1,207,292	\$ 4,338,218	\$ 3,197,286	\$	(1,140,932)
Total revenue from local sources		4,162,900	\$ 7,360,334	\$ 6,162,706	\$	(1,197,628)
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Revenues from local governments:						
Contribution from County of Pittsylvania, Virginia	_\$_	12,970,170	\$ 14,613,223	\$ 15,536,358	\$	923,135_
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Share of state sales tax	\$	8,678,101	\$ 8,678,101	\$ 8,774,083	\$	95,982
Basic Aid		27,982,620	27,982,620	27,827,116		(155,504)
Remedial summer education		190,375	190,375	200,120		9,745
Regular foster care		72,668	72,668	19,007		(53,661)
Gifted and talented		305,332	305,332	304,947		(385)
Remedial education		848,143	848,143	847,074		(1,069)
Special education		4,377,541	4,377,541	4,368,680		(8,861)
Textbook payment		275,206	275,206	343,580		68,374
Alternative education		161,679	161,679	161,679		-
Algebra readiness		123,049	123,049	123,049		
Mentor teacher program		10,504	10,504	8,162		(2,342)
Social security fringe benefits		1,865,915	1,865,915	1,863,562		(2,353)
Group life		67,851	67,851	67,766		(85)
Retirement fringe benefits		1,689,502	1,689,502	1,687,371		(2,131)
Governor's school		17,000	17,000	17,630		630
Early reading intervention  Homebound education		140,842 111,856	140,842 111,856	177,784 85,534		36,942 (26,322)
Vocation education		1,497,652	1,497,652	1,482,634		(15,018)
JROTC		1,497,002	1,497,002	257,076		257,076
Special education - foster children		_		48,415		48,415
At risk payments		843,395	843,395	842,349		(1,046)
Primary class size		1,155,508	1,155,508	1,108,743		(46,765)
Technology		544,000	837,750	855,888		18,138
At risk four-year olds		665,672	793,336	793,336		.5,.50
School Food		168,334	400,889	89,080		(311,809)
English as a second language		103,343	103,343	91,628		(11,715)
Other state funds		3,809	3,809	892,256		888,447

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	-	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Categorical aid: (Continued)						
Project Graduation	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 12,931	\$	12,931
Lottery payments		879,491	879,491			(879,491)
Total categorical aid	\$	52,802,964	\$ 53,456,933	\$ 53,375,056	\$	(81,877)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_\$_	52,802,964	\$ 53,456,933	\$ 53,375,056	\$	(81,877)
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Title I	\$	2,553,241	\$ 2,583,815	\$ 2,577,645	\$	(6,170)
ARRA - Title I		-	-	4,787		4,787
Special Education		1,893,221	1,893,221	1,901,827		8,606
ARRA - Special Education		-	265,254	12,622		(252,632)
Title VI-B, preschool		-	-	27,819		27,819
Vocational education		168,662	168,355	241,326		72,971
Title II Part D		15,324	15,324			(15,324)
School fresh fruit and vegetable program		51,219	51,219	49,064		(2,155)
School food program		5,148,341	5,148,341	3,062,706		(2,085,635)
Title II Title IV Part B-21		447,317	365,801	376,932		11,131
Language acquisition		•	•	72,610 11,432		72,610 11,432
ARRA - Educational jobs funds		•	-	2,424,987		2,424,987
School improvement grant		_	_	196,444		196,444
Other federal funds		2,744,075	2,875,032	100,444		(2,875,032)
Total categorical aid	\$	13,021,400	\$ 13,366,362	\$ 10,960,201	\$	(2,406,161)
Total revenue from the federal government	_\$_	13,021,400	\$ 13,366,362	\$ 10,960,201	\$	(2,406,161)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	82,957,434	\$ 88,796,852	\$ 86,034,321	\$	(2,762,531)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: General government administration: Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	105,990	\$	131,727	\$	126,237	\$	5,490
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	264,782	\$	269,949	\$	268,034	\$	1,915
Legal services		181,438		196,305		155,027		41,278
Independent auditor		74,000		74,000		61,408		12,592
Commissioner of revenue		546,600		584,447		522,258		62,189
Reassessment		-		_		6,250		(6,250)
Treasurer		610,572		618,085		627,454		(9,369)
Central accounting		260,549		263,608		262,650		958
Management information systems		333,417		338,552		322,994		15,558
Central purchasing		110,432		111,924		110,573		1,351
Grants administration		71,548		72,270		69,257		3,013
Total general and financial administration	\$	2,453,338	\$	2,529,140	\$	2,405,905	\$	123,235
		`						
Board of elections:	_		_		_	57.040	_	
Electoral board	\$	91,159	\$	97,555	\$	97,812	2	(257)
Registrar	_	155,298		154,894	_	138,215	•	16,679
Total board of elections	_\$	246,457	\$	252,449	\$	236,027	\$	16,422
Total general government administration	\$	2,805,785	\$	2,913,316	\$	2,768,169	\$	145,147
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	131,467	\$	132,928	\$	123,700	\$	9,228
General district court		14,161		14,161		9,782		4,379
Special magistrates		4,827		4,827		4,082		745
Juvenile & Domestic relations Court		13,650		13,797		12,331		1,466
Clerk of the circuit court		577,335		654,150		646,120		8,030
Law Library		25,800		25,800		22,948		2,852
Victim and witness assistance		69,317		70,128		78,605		(8,477)
Commissioner of Accounts		960		960		7		953
Total courts	\$	837,517	\$	916,751	\$	897,575	\$	19,176
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	677,359	\$	683,305	\$	669,009	\$	14,296
Total judicial administration	\$	1,514,876	\$	1,600,056	\$	1,566,584	\$	33,472
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Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff - law enforcement	\$	5,580,343	\$	5,840,550	\$	5,670,650	\$	169,900
Sheriff - grants		396,248		398,766		56,767		341,999
Sheriff - 911 System		1,299,372		1,499,388		386,355		1,113,033
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	7,275,963	\$	7,738,704	\$	6,113,772	\$	1,624,932
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire Marshall	\$	90,786	\$	91,575	\$	86,020	\$	5,555
Volunteer fire department	*	1,558,305	•	1,614,144	*	1,444,592	*	169,552
Ambulance and rescue services		374,905		415,905		242,357		173,548
Total fire and rescue services	\$	2,023,996	\$	2,121,624	\$	1,772,969	\$	348,655
THE THE WILL LEARNING OFFICE		-,0-0,000	*	-11-1,064	*	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*	3,0,000

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Public safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff - correction and detention	\$	3,757,911	\$	4,112,998	\$	4,185,670	\$	(72,672)
Court services unit		451,677		445,899		402,355		43,544
Other correction and detention	_	80,600		80,600		62,873		17,727
Total correction and detention	_\$_	4,290,188	\$	4,639,497	\$	4,650,898	\$	(11,401)
Inspections:								
Building inspections	_\$_	290,027	\$	290,042	\$	288,537	\$	1,505
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	246,386	\$	260,234	\$	252,921	\$	7,313
Medical examiner		2,500		2,500		740		1,760
E911 System		1,200,338		1,153,007		979,695		173,312
Emergency Services	_	-		10,000		5,065		4,935
Total other protection	_\$_	1,449,224	\$	1,425,741	\$	1,238,421	\$	187,320
Total public safety	\$	15,329,398	\$	16,215,608	\$	14,064,597	\$	2,151,011
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Public works	_\$_	155,095	\$	156,403	\$	153,341	\$	3,062
Sanitation and waste removal;								
Refuse collection	\$	20,500	¢	_	\$	_	\$	
Refuse disposal	Ψ	3,050,000	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	3,070,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Maintanages of gaparet hulldings and grounds:								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:  Maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,071,396	œ	1,133,472	¢	961,731	œ	171,741
Fleet management	Ψ	111,662	Ψ	111,662	Ψ	100,912	φ	10,750
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,183,058	\$	1,245,134	\$	1,062,643	\$	182,491
Total public works	\$	4,408,653	\$	1,401,537	¢	1,215,984	¢	185,553
·	<u> </u>	7,700,000		1,401,001	Ψ	1,210,004	Ψ_	100,000
Health and welfare: Health:								
Local health department	\$	490.000	\$	490.000	\$	490.000	\$	-
,		· ·				,		
Mental health and mental retardation:		447.000			_		_	
Mental health and mental retardation	_\$_	147,882	\$	147,882	\$	147,882	Þ	-
Welfare:								
Welfare administration	\$	5,120,612	\$	5,134,497	\$	3,398,790	\$	1,735,707
Public assistance		2,274,788		2,274,788		802,777		1,472,011
Comprehensive Services Act		6,403,606		6,405,772		3,431,302		2,974,470
Family preservation grant		45,000		45,000		36,105		8,895
Baby care grant		51,955	_	52,140	_	50,398		1,742
Total welfare	_\$_	13,895,961	\$	13,912,197	\$	7,719,372	\$	6,192,825
Total health and welfare	\$	14,533,843	\$	14,550,079	\$	8,357,254	\$	6,192,825
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contribution to local school board	\$	12,970,170	\$	14,613,223	\$	15,536,358	S	(923,135)
Contributions to community college	7	8,532	•	8,532	-	8,532	7	(, 100)
Total education	\$	12,978,702	\$	14,621,755	\$	15,544,890	\$	(923,135)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element  General Fund: (Continued)  Parks, recreation, and cultural:		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Parks and recreation:  Administration of parks and recreation	\$	225,120	\$	255,092	\$	255,783	\$	(691)
State Forestry		33,984		33,984		33,984		<u> </u>
Total parks and recreation	\$	259,104	\$	289,076	\$	289,767	\$	(691)
Library:				•				
Library administration	_\$_	1,066,007	\$	1,100,213	\$	1,095,151	\$	5,062
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	_\$_	1,325,111	\$	1,389,289	\$	1,384,918	\$	4,371
Community development:								
Planning and community development:	_		_		_		_	
Planning commission	\$	141,379	\$	142,149	\$	141,322	\$	827
Community development Zoning board		23,251,863 216,577		1,142,720 221,236		809,093 220,995		333,627 241
Economic development		690,041		746,093		598,072		148,021
Total planning and community development	\$	24,299,860	\$	2,252,198	\$	1,769,482	\$	482,716
Environmental management:								
Soil and water conservation district	\$	132,667	\$	132,667	¢	120,289	¢	12,378
Other environmental management	Ψ	19,000	Ψ	26,569	Ψ	25,436	Ψ	1,133
Total environmental management	\$	151,667	\$	159,236	\$	145,725	\$	13,511
Cooperative extension program:								
Cooperative extension program	\$_	62,192	\$	62,192	\$	57,523	\$	4,669
Total community development	_\$_	24,513,719	\$	2,473,626	\$	1,972,730	\$	500,896
Capital projects:								
Other capital projects	_\$_	18,201,800	\$	18,144,329	\$	3,705,766	\$	14,438,563
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	5,605,428	\$	5,631,127	\$	5,000,446	\$	630,681
Bond issuance costs		5 045 055		-		118,425		(118,425)
Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	-\$	5,315,255 10,920,683		5,340,686		4,829,787		510,899
Total debt service	Φ_	10,920,003	\$	10,971,813	\$	9,948,658	\$	1,023,155
Total General Fund	\$	106,532,570	\$	84,281,408	\$	60,529,550	\$	23,751,858
Special Revenue Funds: Industrial Development Fund: Community development: Planning and community development:								
Industrial development	\$	1,785,500	\$	3,126,259	\$	552,176	\$	2,574,083
Olde Dominion Ag Complex	•	40,000	-	469,208	*	266,816	•	202,392
Ringgold East Industrial Park		617,444		-		-		-,
Berry Hill Projects		3,788,202		7,609,069		1,437,004		6,172,065
Hurt Klopman Mills water and sewer improvements		985,000		985,000		311,369		673,631
Total planning and community development	_\$_	7,216,146	\$	12,189,536	\$	2,567,365	\$	9,622,171
Total Industrial Development Fund	\$	7,216,146	\$	12,189,536	\$	2,567,365	\$	9,622,171

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	:	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Workforce Investment Act Fund: Health and welfare:							
Welfare: Workforce investment act	\$	2,727,185	\$	3,968,683	\$ 3,505,685	\$	462,998
Total Workforce Investment Act Fund	\$	2,727,185	\$	3,968,683	\$ 3,505,685	\$	462,998
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Forfeited Assets Fund: Public safety:							
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff	\$	65,000	\$	178,500	\$ 158,263	\$	20,237
Total Forfeited Asset Fund	\$	65,000	\$	178,500	\$ 158,263	\$	20,237
Nonmajor Debt Service Reserve Funds:  Debt Service Reserve Fund:  Community Development:  Contribution to Danville-Pittsylvania Regional IFA	_\$_	- :	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Debt Service Reserve Fund	\$	- !	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Improvements Fund: Education: Capital projects expenditures: Capital projects	<u>\$</u>	<u>.                                    </u>	\$	578,083	\$ 1,091,009	\$	(512,926)
Total School Capital Improvements Fund			\$	578,083	\$ 1,091,009	\$	(512,926)
Total Primary Government	\$	116,540,901	\$	101,196,210	\$ 67,851,872	\$	33,344,338
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund: Education: Administration of schools:							
Administration and health services	\$	3,190,947	\$	3,189,176	\$ 3,207,689	\$	(18,513)
Instruction costs: Instructional costs Technology Total instruction costs	\$ 	56,211,097 2,427,298 58,638,395		59,580,373 2,848,918 62,429,291	 59,513,313 2,881,289 62,394,602		67,060 (32,371) 34,689
Operating costs: Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Food service and non-instructional Facilities	\$	5,581,951 6,277,833 7,704,945 1,563,363		6,024,939 7,271,261 8,078,513 1,803,672	6,057,303 7,355,721 5,392,098 1,567,666		(32,364) (84,460) 2,686,415 236,006
Total operating costs	_\$_		\$	23,178,385	\$ 20,372,788	\$	2,805,597
Total education		82,957,434		88,796,852	85,975,079		2,821,773
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	82,957,434	\$	88,796,852	\$ 85,975,079	\$	2,821,773



# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	G	General overnment ministration	Ac	Judicial Iministration	Public Safety		Public Works (2)	Health and Welfare	Education (1)	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural		Community evelopment	C	Non- epartmental	Interest on Long- Term Debt	 Landfill (2)	Total
2011-12 2010-11	\$	2,352,270 2,317,903	\$	1,604,516 \$ 1,521,622	14,004 13,492		\$ 1,312,173 5,199,400	\$ 11,725,859 15,013,208	\$ 17,483,731 16.068,919	\$ 1,389,794 1,212,790	-	5,297,007 6.009.715	\$	- \$	4,852,814 5,052,047	\$ 3,192,265	\$ 63,215,310 65,888,028
2009-10		3,008,491		1,289,615	13,884		5,552,474	18,784,848	11,601,833	1,179,959		5,879,792		-	5,658,339		66,839,486
2008-09		2,953,224		1,579,879	13,399		4,495,239	15,855,096	13,030,727	1,163,559		6,642,658		-	4,706,088	-	63,825,890
2007-08 2006-07		2,268,035 2,271,683		1,554,911 1,464,735	12,356 11,577		4,416,883 3,420,748	15,780,009 16,364,479	15,904,724 14,808,363	1,170,737 938,209		7,041,212 6,967,075		-	2,799,504 2,677,642	-	63,292,605 60,490,090
2005-06		2,563,706		1,402,086	10,803		5,646,411	13,944,548	17,754,863	895.838		6,727,152		17.373	2,826,528	-	62.582.062
2004-05		2,285,096		1,582,446	10,020	520	3,144,897	11,611,407	23,251,349	892,832		4,127,916		-	2,169,822	-	59,086,285
2003-04		2,660,863		1,504,247	9,127		2,339,464	11,032,918	12,009,437	835,972		5,409,677		-	2,710,932	-	47,631,389
2002-03		2,022,962		1,398,748	9,090	059	2,702,900	6,766,239	12,191,587	837,773		7,566,200		=	3,060,427	-	45,636,895

<sup>(1)</sup> Debt financed assets are transferred to the School Board upon defeasance of debt. This amounts includes assets (net of related depreciation) that were transferred to the School Board during the fiscal year.

(2) In FY 2012, the County implemented a Landfill Fund which decreased the Public Works expenses.

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	PF	200	RAM REVENUE	S					GENERAL	RE	VENUES						
Fiscal Year	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	C	Capital Grants and ontributions	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes (2)	٦	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses		Unrestricted Investment Earnings	N	Miscellaneous	N	Grants and Contributions lot Restricted to Specific Programs (2)		Total
2011-12	\$ 924,023	\$	15,633,076	\$	2,405,211	\$ 31,373,406	\$ 6,805,947	\$	-	. \$	651,947	\$	409,617	\$	6,698,703	\$	64,901,930
2010-11	861,632		16,037,575	·	3,564,213	28,781,337	6,696,327	·	-		646,849	•	673,095	•	6,760,306	•	64,021,334
2009-10	885,248		21,413,814		3,006,599	27,907,392	6,414,085		-		1,174,002		758,424		6,748,918		68,308,482
2008-09	776,068		22,813,227		-	29,680,376	8,304,925		-		1,520,387		272,379		4,483,640		67,851,002
2007-08	924,114		24,461,459		-	24,012,434	7,748,448		-		1,708,824		512,564		4,523,327		63,891,170
2006-07 (1)	829,230		14,801,890		-	39,379,257	5,932,477		-		1,477,238		494,659		13,480,047		76,394,798
2005-06	774,016		20,133,387		-	25,730,408	7,670,729		-		1,219,586		333,902		3,563,250		59,425,278
2004-05	531,084		16,502,453		-	21,149,043	7,447,714		-		809,786		47,292		7,392,906		53,880,278
2003-04	527,386		15,899,410		-	23,295,522	6,492,864		-		738,614		85,777		7,402,488		54,442,061
2002-03	494,579		10,696,949		-	21,146,965	6,534,585		100,605	,	1,433,632		371,831		5,625,312		46,404,458

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal year 2006-07 was the first time the County started twice a year collections for property taxes, as such general property taxes increased significantly due to collecting one and a half years of taxes.

(2) Communication sales tax reported as non-categorical aid for first time in fiscal year 2009-10 instead of other local taxes.

#### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration		Judicial Administration		 Public Safety		Public Works (3)		Health and Welfare		Education (2)		Parks, Recreation, and Cultural		Community Development		Capital Projects		Non- departmental		Debt Service		Total
2011-12	\$	2,768,169	\$	1,566,584	\$ 14,222,860	\$	1,215,984	\$	11,862,939	\$	85,983,611	\$	1,384,918	\$	5,540,095	\$	3,705,766	\$	_	\$	9,948,658	\$	138,199,584
2010-11		2,784,289		1,494,085	13,806,655		3,244,763		12,690,342		82,087,870		1,178,396		6,502,580		398,872		-		9,436,325		133,624,177
2009-10		3,149,941		1,536,157	14,173,636		3,634,763		18,836,521		82,202,930		1,116,757		6,385,274		-		8,342		10,609,182		141,653,503
2008-09		3,138,333		1,610,990	14,046,712		3,867,606		16,044,417		85,614,779		1,101,641		11,053,679		-		14,414		9,655,047		146,147,618
2007-08		2,540,697		1,563,729	12,980,722		3,474,763		15,680,679		80,580,365		1,117,971		8,628,219		-		10,123		8,428,853		135,006,121
2006-07		2,410,245		1,457,412	11,716,463		3,258,613		17,740,409		79,929,753		1,059,877		7,240,548		-		17,966		7,985,324		132,816,610
2005-06		2,867,450		1,485,388	11,085,605		4,909,283		15,318,430		75,191,815		848,209		7,000,961		-		17,372		7,729,334		126,453,847
2004-05		2,406,966		1,570,920	9,494,823		2,367,735		8,377,443		69,384,008		832,365		2,246,097		-		-		26,194,358		122,874,715
2003-04		2,135,874		1,490,079	9,286,993		2,472,419		10,931,596		60,411,775		790,805		5,391,857		-		-		6,071,046		98,982,444
2002-03		2,152,426		1,533,500	10,427,733		2,316,920		6,824,678		58,519,618		784,601		7,557,079		-		-		5,282,447		95,399,002

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

<sup>(3)</sup> In FY 2012, the County implemented a Landfill Fund which decreased the Public Works expenditures.

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenue Permits, from the General Other Privilege Fees, Fines Use of Charges Local for Recovered Inter-Fiscal Property Regulatory and Money and Services (5) Costs governmental (2,4) Total Year Taxes (3) Taxes (4) Licenses Forfeitures Property Miscellaneous 134,506,239 2011-12 \$ 29,536,089 \$ 6,805,947 \$ 162,287 \$ 173,265 \$ 670,207 \$ 2,393,242 \$ 1,270,149 \$ 4.672.806 \$ 88,822,247 \$ 688.107 135,162,593 2010-11 29,100,604 6.696.327 178.650 170,237 2,877,131 1,173,698 5,320,326 88,957,513 2009-10 29,247,029 6,414,085 179,480 166,937 740,864 2,801,689 981,228 1,779,199 100,511,627 142,822,138 2008-09 28.538,436 8,304,925 187,789 76,900 728,070 2,778,471 413,763 5,608,484 97,486,830 144,123,668 59,939 2007-08 26.648,575 7,748,448 228,189 1.617,807 2,807,395 752,137 2,865,162 93,065,615 135,793,267 2006-07 37,457,835 5,932,477 190.647 59,261 1,502,448 2.664.912 928,174 2.930.935 91.314.513 142,981,202 2005-06 23,973,358 7,670,729 194,032 35,858 1,212,422 2,527,252 364,769 2,669,158 79,797,186 118,444,764 2004-05 22,118,617 7,447,714 99,367 30,696 808,248 2,261,561 246,988 2,477,978 77,002,158 112,493,327 103,589,999 2003-04 22,190,424 6,492,864 110,376 28,778 642,446 1,925,765 194,390 1,894,935 70,110,021 2002-03 23,342 1,847,634 583,846 1,503,521 60.329.569 92,681,801 21,195,402 6,534,585 100,605 563,297

- (1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund.
- (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.
- (3) Fiscal year 2006-07 was the first time the County started twice a year collections for property taxes, as such general property taxes increased significantly due to collecting one and a half years of taxes.
- (4) Communication sales tax reported as non-categorical aid for first time in fiscal year 2009-10 instead of other local taxes.
- (5) In fiscal year 2011-2012 the County implemented a Landfill fund and charges for those services were included in that fund.



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# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1,2,3)	- 1	Current Tax Collections (1)	of I	cent _evy ected	Delinquent Tax bllections (1)	Co	Total Tax bllections (2)	Perce Total Collect to Tax	Tax ctions	D	utstanding Jelinquent xes (1), (4)	Perce Delinq Taxes Tax L	uent s to
2011-12	\$ 34,990,189	\$	32,026,677		91.53%	\$ 1,158,500	\$	33,185,177		94.84%	\$	4,388,377		12.54%
2010-11	32,592,883		31,183,881		95.68%	1,432,717		32,616,598		100.07%		4,024,379		12.35%
2009-10	31,940,215		30,753,521		96.28%	2,000,871		32,754,392		102.55%		4,372,838		13.69%
2008-09	32,080,815		31,031,751		96.73%	1,055,873		32,087,624		100.02%		6,093,598		18.99%
2007-08	30,622,788		29,287,616		95.64%	995,228		30,282,844		98.89%		5,162,664		16.86%
2006-07 (3)	42,906,728		40,904,736		95.33%	1,372,240		42,276,976		98.53%		5,442,012		12.68%
2005-06	27,550,647		25,301,243		91.84%	1,244,080		26,545,323		96.35%		3,890,053		14.12%
2004-05	25,825,295		24,583,223		95.19%	910,357		25,493,580		98.72%		3,274,117		12.68%
2003-04	26,189,167		24,800,704		94.70%	965,446		25,766,150		98.38%		3,105,388		11.86%
2002-03	25,574,656		24,176,353		94.53%	633,949		24,810,302		97.01%		3,148,322		12.31%

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes amount received under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

<sup>(3)</sup> Fiscal year 2006-07 was the first time the County started twice a year collections for property taxes, as such the tax levy increased significantly due to levying one and a half years of taxes.

<sup>(4)</sup> In fiscal year 2011-2012, the 60 day collections were subtracted from the outstanding delinquent taxes due to the change in due date to June 29, 2012.

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	 Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes	Public Service (2)	 Total
2011-12	\$ 3,701,567,643	\$ 116,972,188	\$ 35,378,260	\$ 8,856,290	\$ 46,913,277	\$ 316,586,962	\$ 4,226,274,620
2010-11	3,703,464,286	112,839,901	34,298,350	8,580,130	47,038,600	326,907,505	4,233,128,772
2009-10	3,658,961,545	111,212,898	30,661,670	8,358,600	46,670,090	302,840,801	4,158,705,604
2008-09	3,441,025,740	116,284,250	27,960,420	10,958,360	53,850,620	279,532,952	3,929,612,342
2007-08	3,340,200,900	126,995,535	30,406,175	14,075,345	53,156,985	303,006,203	3,867,841,143
2006-07	3,283,464,100	124,122,610	31,212,500	14,007,680	52,996,310	319,260,819	3,825,064,019
2005-06	2,611,570,600	118,411,320	31,222,910	7,285,270	59,329,740	276,384,720	3,104,204,560
2004-05	2,548,462,609	111,655,846	34,479,460	12,614,550	59,705,300	300,082,626	3,067,000,391
2003-04	2,510,303,915	118,426,518	33,893,110	12,783,450	59,872,634	304,244,572	3,039,524,199
2002-03	2,459,198,245	112,986,792	32,289,430	11,285,150	59,105,530	326,980,484	3,001,845,631

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Real Estate	Personal Property	 Machinery & Tools	-	Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes	Generating Equipment (2)
2011-12	\$ 0.52/0.56	\$ 8.75	\$ 4.50	\$	2.75	\$ 0.52/0.56	\$ 0.52/0.56
2010-11	0.52	8.50	4.50		2.75	0.52	0.52
2009-10	0.56/0.52	8.50	4.50		2.75	0.56/0.52	0.56/0.52
2008-09	0.53/0.56	7.75/8.50	4.50		2.75	0.53/0.56	0.53/0.56
2007-08	0.53	7.75	4.50		2.75	0.53	0.53
2006-07	0.50	7.75	4.50		2.75	0.50	0.48
2005-06	0.57	7.75	4.50		2.75	0.57	0.55
2004-05	0.55	7.25	4.50		2.75	0.55	0.45
2003-04	0.55	7.25	4.50		2.75	0.55	0.45
2002-03	0.55	7.25	4.50		2.75	0.55	0.45

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year and therefore, the rates for amounts due on December 5th, may be different from the rates for amounts due on June 5th.

<sup>(2)</sup> Included as part of Public Service Corporations in other schedules

### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2011-12	63,506	\$ 4,226,27	5 \$	107,562,022	107,562,022	2.55% \$	1,694
2010-11	63,506	4,233,12	9	110,332,166	110,332,166	2.61%	1,737
2009-10	61,745	4,158,70	6	114,021,227	114,021,227	2.74%	1,847
2008-09	61,745	3,929,61	2	116,514,098	116,514,098	2.97%	1,887
2007-08	61,745	3,867,84	1	60,326,400	60,326,400	1.56%	977
2006-07	61,745	3,825,06	4	54,194,748	54,194,748	1.42%	878
2005-06	61,745	3,104,20	5	57,958,492	57,958,492	1.87%	939
2004-05	61,745	3,067,00	0	58,888,579	58,888,579	1.92%	954
2003-04	61,745	3,039,52	4	66,116,252	66,116,252	2.18%	1,071
2002-03	61,745	3,001,84	6	68,775,935	68,775,935	2.29%	1,114

<sup>(1)</sup> Bureau of the Census.

<sup>(2)</sup> Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Pittsylvania, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2011-12	\$ 9,948,658	\$ 138,203,584	7.20%
2010-11	9,436,325	133,624,177	7.06%
2009-10 (3)	10,992,554	141,653,503	7.76%
2008-09	9,587,217	146,147,618	6.56%
2007-08	8,428,853	135,006,121	6.24%
2006-07	7,985,324	132,816,610	6.01%
2005-06	7,729,334	126,453,847	6.11%
2004-05 (2)	6,519,530	132,684,871	4.91%
2003-04	6,071,046	122,570,186	4.95%

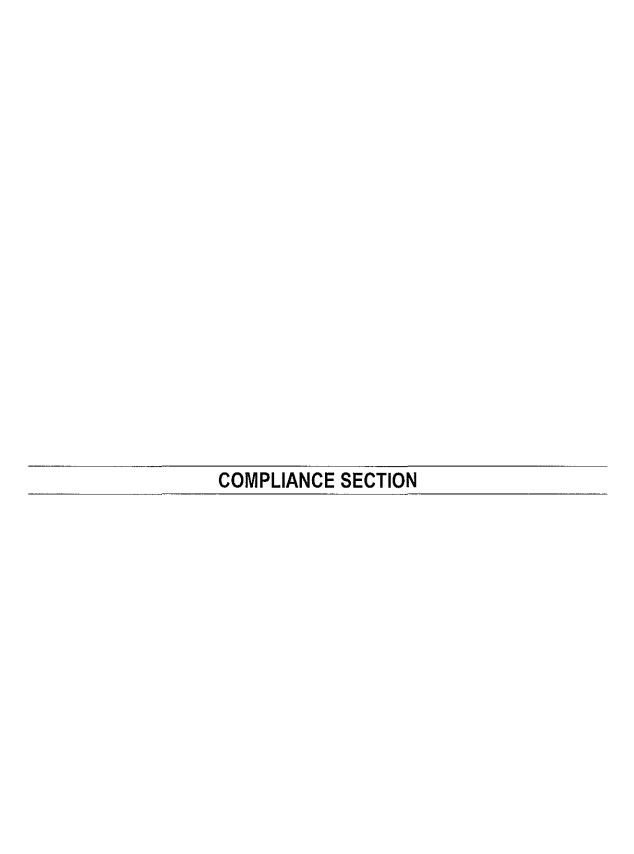
<sup>(1)</sup> Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes payoff of \$20 million dollar note.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes refunding transactions, including bond issuance costs.

## County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Assessed Valuation of Top Ten Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2012

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2012	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Virginia Electric & Dower	Electric Hillity	ď	100 705 250	2.51%
Virginia Electric & Power	Electric Utility	\$	106,705,350	
Appalachian Power Company	Electric Utility		65,509,568	1.54%
Swedwood	Manufacturer		30,974,950	0.73%
Transcontinental Gas Pipeline	Gas Utility		27,715,676	0.65%
Colonial Pipeline	Gas Utility		22,603,628	0.53%
Mecklenburg Electric Coop, Inc.	Electric Utility		20,380,331	0.48%
Intertape Polymer Corp	Electric Utility		19,973,000	0.47%
Verizon VA, Inc.	Communications		18,101,537	0.43%
Owens Brockway	Manufacturer		11,223,320	0.26%
Times Fiber	Communications		4,050,000	0.10%
Total		\$	327,237,360	7.71%
All Others		\$	3,915,942,602	92.29%
Total Assessed Valuation		\$	4,243,179,962	100.00%



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Chatham, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit – School Board, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2012, except for the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County and Note 1, as to which the date is January 23, 2013. Our report includes reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Pittsylvania County Service Authority and the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, as described in our report on County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not necessarily designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness (Reference 2012-1).

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial

statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia in a separate letter dated December 4, 2012.

The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Kohimson, Farmer, la Associates

December 4, 2012, except for the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County and Note 1, as to which the date is January 23, 2013.

# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Chatham, Virginia

## Compliance

We have audited the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kolimoon, Jamer, Le Ussociates
Blacksburg, Virginia
December 4, 2012

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal penditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950111, 0950112	\$	28,147
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400111, 0400112	Ψ	451,884
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500111, 0500112		685
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600411, 0600412		47,053
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:	00.000	0000717, 0000712		11,000
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770110, 0770111		142,627
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760111, 0760112		110,202
Chafee Education & Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160111		2,445
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900111, 0900112		1,639
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100111, 1100112		165,887
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120111, 1120112		60,817
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000111, 1000112		343,352
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150111, 9150112		6,338
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540111, 0540112		15,265
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200111, 1200112		312,004
Wedical Assistance Program	30.710	1200111, 1200112		312,007
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	1,688,345
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services: Child Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution-Schools (Note D)	10.555	Not applicable	\$	254,182
Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	\$	2,070,973
National School Lunch Program Subtotal	10.555		\$	2,325,155
Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note D)	10.559	Not applicable	\$	1,799
Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	\$	735,752
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	40599		49,064
Department of Education pass through payments			\$	784,816
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010111, 0010112, 0030111, 0030112 0040111, 0040112 0050111, 0050112	\$	534,047
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Subtotal	10.561	0000111,0000112	\$	534,047
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	3,645,817

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Department of Justice   Direct payments   Direct payments   16.710   Not applicable   \$ 4,840	Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Direct payments	Department of Justice:				_
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants   16,710   16,710   16,710   16,1701					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program   6.738   Not applicable   8.101		16 710	Not applicable	\$	4 640
Pass Through Payments   Payments   Pass Through Paym				*	,
Pass Through Payments:   Department of Criminal Justice Services:   Crime Victim Assistance   16.575   11VAGX0001   \$ 54,965   10VAGX0095   67,706   10VAGX0095   10VAG	j				
Pagantment of Criminal Justice Services:   Crime Victim Assistance   16.575	Total Department of Justice - direct payments			_\$_	12,741
Pagantment of Criminal Justice Services:   Crime Victim Assistance   16.575	Pass Through Payments:				
Total Department of Transportation:   Pass Through Payments:   Virginia Department of Transportation:   Pass Through Payments   Virginia Department of Transportation:   Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:   Virginia Department of Transportation   Virginia Department of Labor:   Virginia Department of Labor   Virginia Department of Education:   Virginia Department of					
Department of Justice   Section	·	16.575	11VAGX0001	\$	54,965
Department of Transportation:   Pass Through Payments:   Virginia Department of Transportation:   Highway Planning and Construction   20.205   EN03-187-00074484   \$ 141,830   \$ 141,830   Endowed Payment of Motor Vehicles:   Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants   20.601   K8-2012-52100-4478   \$ 24,418   K8-2012-52100-4478   \$ 24,418   \$ 24			10VAGX0095		
Pass Through Payments:   Virginia Department of Transportation:   Highway Planning and Construction   20.205   EN03-187-00074484   \$ 141,830	Total Department of Justice			\$	67,706
Pass Through Payments:   Virginia Department of Transportation:   Highway Planning and Construction   20.205   EN03-187-00074484   \$ 141,830	Department of Transportation:				
Virginia Department of Transportation:         20.205         EN03.187-00074484         \$ 141,830           Department of Molor Vehicles:         Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants         20.601         K8-2012.52196-4574         \$ 24,418           Total Department of Transportation         \$ 166.248           Department of Labor:         Pass Through Payments:           Virginia Community College System:         Workforce Investment Act Cluster:         Vorkforce Investment Act Adult Program         17.258         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Total Department of Labor         \$ 3,082,939         \$ 3,082,939           Department of Education:         \$ 4,001         42901,42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to loca					
Highway Planning and Construction	0 ,				
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants 20.601 K8-2012-52196-4574 K8-2012-52100-4478  Total Department of Transportation Separate Office of Transportation Separ		20.205	EN03-187-00074484	\$	141,830
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants 20.601 K8-2012-52196-4574 K8-2012-52100-4478  Total Department of Transportation Separate Office of Transportation Separ					
Total Department of Transportation   S   166,248	·				
Department of Transportation	Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants	20.601		\$	24,418
Department of Labor:   Pass Through Payments:   Virginia Community College System:   Workforce Investment Act Octuster:   Workforce Investment Act Adult Program   17.258   53427   1,088,868   Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities   17.259   53427   1,088,868   Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers   17.259   53427   1,088,868   Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers   17.260   53427   940,108   Payments   Payments   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments   Payment of Education:   Title I Cluster:   Title I: Grants to local educational agencies   84.010   42901, 42892   2,577,645   ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies   84.389   42913   4,787   4,787   Pascial Education: Grants to States   84.027   4,3071   1,901,827   ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States   84.391   61245   12,622   2,5626   2,622   2,622   2,626			K8-2012-52100-4478		
Department of Labor:   Pass Through Payments:   Virginia Community College System:   Workforce Investment Act Octuster:   Workforce Investment Act Adult Program   17.258   53427   1,088,868   Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities   17.259   53427   1,088,868   Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers   17.259   53427   1,088,868   Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers   17.260   53427   940,108   Payments   Payments   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments:   Pass Through Payments   Payment of Education:   Title I Cluster:   Title I: Grants to local educational agencies   84.010   42901, 42892   2,577,645   ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies   84.389   42913   4,787   4,787   Pascial Education: Grants to States   84.027   4,3071   1,901,827   ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States   84.391   61245   12,622   2,5626   2,622   2,622   2,626	Total Department of Transportation			\$	166 248
Pass Through Payments:           Virginia Community College System:         Workforce Investment Act Cluster:           Workforce Investment Act Adult Program         17.258         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities         17.259         53427         1,088,863           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         940,108           Total Department of Labor           Department of Education:           Pass Through Payments:           Department of Education:           Title I Cluster:           Title I Cluster:           Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.010         42901, 42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.389         42913         4,787           Special Education Cluster:           Special Education Cluster:           Special Education: Grants to States         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special E				_	
Virginia Community College System:         Workforce Investment Act Cluster:         Vorkforce Investment Act Adult Program         17.258         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities         17.259         53427         1,088,863           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         940,108           Total Department of Labor         \$ 3,082,939           Department of Education:           Pass Through Payments:           Department of Education:           Title I: Cluster:           Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.010         42901, 42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.389         42913         4,787           Special Education Cluster:           Special Education: Grants to States         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.931         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers <t< td=""><td>Department of Labor:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Department of Labor:				
Workforce Investment Act Cluster:         Workforce Investment Act Adult Program         17.258         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities         17.259         53427         1,088,863           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         940,108           Total Department of Labor         \$ 3,082,939           Department of Education:           Pass Through Payments:           Department of Education:           Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.010         42901, 42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.389         42913         4,787           Special Education Cluster:           Special Education: Grants to States         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610           ARRA-State Fiscal Stabi	Pass Through Payments:				
Workforce Investment Act Adult Program         17.258         53427         \$ 1,053,968           Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities         17.259         53427         1,088,863           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         940,108           Total Department of Labor           Department of Education:           Pass Through Payments:           Department of Education:           Title I: Grants to local educational agencies           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.010         42901, 42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.389         42913         4,787           Special Education Cluster:           Special Education: Grants to Stales         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610	Virginia Community College System:				
Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities         17.259         53427         1,088,863           Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         940,108           Total Department of Labor         \$ 3,082,939           Department of Education:         ****         ****           Pass Through Payments:         ****         ****           Department of Education:         ****         ****           Title I Cluster:         ****         ****           Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.010         42901, 42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.389         42913         4,787           Special Education Cluster:         ***         ***         ***           Special Education: Grants to States         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610           ARRA-Sta	Workforce Investment Act Cluster:				
Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers         17.260         53427         940,108           Total Department of Labor         \$ 3,082,939           Department of Education:         Pass Through Payments:           Department of Education:           Title I Cluster:           Title I: Grants to local educational agencies           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.010         42901, 42892         \$ 2,577,645           ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies         84.389         42913         4,787           Special Education Cluster:           Special Education: Grants to States         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.331         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610           ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds         84.377         43040         196,444           English Language Acquisition State Grant         84.365         60512 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>	•			\$	
Department of Education:   Pass Through Payments:   Department of Education:   Pass Through Payments:   Department of Education:   Title   Cluster:   Title   Country   Countr					
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: Title I Cluster: Title I: Grants to local educational agencies ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies ARRA-Title I: Grants to States Special Education Cluster: Special Education: Grants to States ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States Special Education: Grants to States ARRA-Special Education: Preschool Grants ARRA-Special Education: Preschool Grants Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States A4.173 A8.173 A8.173 A8.174 A8.174 A8.175 ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization State Grant ARRA-State Grant ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization State Grant ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilizat	Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers	17.260	53427		940,108
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: Title I Cluster: Title I: Grants to local educational agencies ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies ARRA-Title I: Grants to States Special Education Cluster: Special Education: Grants to States ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States Special Education: Grants to States ARRA-Special Education: Preschool Grants ARRA-Special Education: Preschool Grants Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States A4.173 A8.173 A8.173 A8.174 A8.174 A8.175 ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization State Grant ARRA-State Grant ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization State Grant ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilization Fiscal Stabilizat	Total Department of Labor			œ	2 002 020
Pass Through Payments:         Department of Education:       Title I Cluster:         Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.010       42901, 42892       \$ 2,577,645         ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.389       42913       4,787         Special Education Cluster:         Special Education: Grants to States       84.027       43071       1,901,827         ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States       84.391       61245       12,622         Special Education: Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       27,819         Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.367       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.367       61480       376,932	Total Department of Labor			<u> </u>	3,002,939
Department of Education:         Title I Cluster:       84.010       42901, 42892       \$ 2,577,645         ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.389       42913       4,787         Special Education Cluster:       Special Education: Grants to States       84.027       43071       1,901,827         ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States       84.391       61245       12,622         Special Education: Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       27,819         Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grant       84.367       61480       376,932	Department of Education:				
Department of Education:         Title I Cluster:       84.010       42901, 42892       \$ 2,577,645         ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.389       42913       4,787         Special Education Cluster:       Special Education: Grants to States       84.027       43071       1,901,827         ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States       84.391       61245       12,622         Special Education: Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       27,819         Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grant       84.367       61480       376,932	Pass Through Payments:				
Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.010       42901, 42892       \$ 2,577,645         ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.389       42913       4,787         Special Education Cluster:       Special Education: Grants to States       84.027       43071       1,901,827         ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States       84.391       61245       12,622         Special Education: Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       27,819         Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.377       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants       84.367       61480       376,932					
ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies       84.389       42913       4,787         Special Education Cluster:       Special Education: Grants to States       84.027       43071       1,901,827         ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States       84.391       61245       12,622         Special Education: Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       27,819         Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.377       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants       84.367       61480       376,932	Title I Cluster:				
Special Education Cluster:         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610           ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds         84.410         62700         2,424,987           School Improvement Grants         84.377         43040         196,444           English Language Acquisition State Grant         84.365         60512         11,432           Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants         84.367         61480         376,932	Title I: Grants to local educational agencies	84.010	42901, 42892	\$	2,577,645
Special Education: Grants to States         84.027         43071         1,901,827           ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States         84.391         61245         12,622           Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610           ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds         84.410         62700         2,424,987           School Improvement Grants         84.377         43040         196,444           English Language Acquisition State Grant         84.365         60512         11,432           Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants         84.367         61480         376,932	ARRA-Title I: Grants to local educational agencies	84.389	42913		4,787
ARRA-Special Education: Grants to States       84.391       61245       12,622         Special Education: Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       27,819         Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.377       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants       84.367       61480       376,932	Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education: Preschool Grants         84.173         62521         27,819           Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095, 86647         241,326           Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60565         72,610           ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds         84.410         62700         2,424,987           School Improvement Grants         84.377         43040         196,444           English Language Acquisition State Grant         84.365         60512         11,432           Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants         84.367         61480         376,932		84.027	43071		1,901,827
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095, 86647       241,326         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.377       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants       84.367       61480       376,932		84.391			12,622
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60565       72,610         ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.377       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants       84.367       61480       376,932	Special Education: Preschool Grants	84.173	62521		27,819
ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education Jobs Funds       84.410       62700       2,424,987         School Improvement Grants       84.377       43040       196,444         English Language Acquisition State Grant       84.365       60512       11,432         Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants       84.367       61480       376,932			61095, 86647		
School Improvement Grants         84.377         43040         196,444           English Language Acquisition State Grant         84.365         60512         11,432           Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants         84.367         61480         376,932					
English Language Acquisition State Grant84.3656051211,432Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants84.36761480376,932					2,424,987
Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants 84.367 61480 376,932	·		43040		196,444
Total Department of Education \$ 7,848,431	Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367	61480		376,932
	Total Department of Education			\$	7,848,431

# County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: Department of Emergency Management: Homeland Security Grant Program Emergency Management Performance Grant Buffer Zone Protection Program (BZPP)	97.073 97.042 97.078	52708, 52709 52740 52769	\$ 38,412 41,768 81,766
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$ 161,946
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 16,661,432

#### Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Pittsylvania County, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in nets assets, or cash flows of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia.

#### Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note C -- Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Pittsylvania County, Virginia provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

CFDA Numbers: 17.258, 17.259 and 17.260 Program Name: Workforce Development Act Cluster Amount Provided to Subrecipients: \$3,082.939

### Note D -- Food Donation:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2012, The Pittsylvania County School Board had food commodities totaling \$0 in inventory.

#### Note E -- Relationship to Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

mengaranmental reserver as per una saute maneral etatemente.		
Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	2,618,292
Workforce Investment Act Fund		3,082,939
Total primary government:	\$	5,701,231
Component Unit Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	10,960,201
Total fadoral augustidiums par the Cabadula of Euganditures of Endard Augustia	ø	40.004.400
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	16,661,432

### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	
84.410	ARRA - Education Jobs Funds	
84.010/84.389	Title I - Part A Cluster	
93.558		
84.027/84.173/84.391	Special Education (IDEA) - Cluster	
93.667	Social Services Block Grant	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish and Type B programs	between Type A	\$499,843
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	e?	No

### County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

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_	111	/-	

Criteria: Per Sta

Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115, an auditee should have sufficient controls in place to produce financial statements in accordance with applicable standards. Furthermore, reliance on the auditor to propose *adjustments* necessary to comply with reporting standards is not a component of such

controls.

Condition: The financial statements as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary

adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial

statements.

Cause of Condition: The County does not have proper controls in place to notice and correct errors in

closing their year end financial statements.

Effect of Condition: There is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the

financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal

controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2012 and

develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately

presented for audit.

Management's Response: Management agrees with this finding and will continue to work toward having their

trial balance more complete and ready for the audit process.

### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

### Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Financial Statement Finding 2011-1 was recurring in the current year.